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Single Copy, 10 cts.
Per Month, \$3.

MR. WANG CHING WEI IS ELUSIVE

And Fifty Reporters Can't Be Wrong!

AN INTERVIEW: A STATEMENT AND A "HIDE-OUT"

Result:—"Nothing Definite"

AND SO TO PRESS

It was a liberal education in the delicate trick of reporting to, firstly, catch a glimpse of the famous Chinese statesman, Mr. Wang Ching Wei; secondly, to obtain an interview, and thirdly (most important of all), to get him to say something definite about his plans yesterday when he arrived from Europe on the Norddeutscher Lloyd liner Potsdam.

About fifty reporters haunted the approaches to the cabins occupied by Mr. Wang and his entourage yesterday for almost twelve hours and all they obtained was a five minute interview with the former President of the Executive Yuan of the Central Government of China, and the promise of a statement, officially authorized, by Mr. Wang to the personal representative of the Generalissimo in Hong Kong (Mr. Chan Kai-shek). Frankly, the interview was not of very great news value, but the pointed statement constituted a remarkable achievement in the sphere of the higher diplomacy—it was, in fact, a "statement" which could only have emanated from one who combined the attributes of a Delphic Oracle and a Scarlet Pimpernel.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Here is the official statement as issued by the representative of the Generalissimo on behalf of Mr. Wang Ching-wei:—

"I have nothing to mention about the political affairs, because I was travelling in foreign countries for medical treatment. This time I have to come back on account of the Sianfu affair, and even though I have received a telegram from the Marshal I shall not relinquish my idealism, though there may be those about me who would desire me to do so. This time I go back to Nanking to discuss our future plans with all the Government officials there."

WHAT DOES IT ALL MEAN?

Now, having perused that statement, you can make out of it what you like according to your knowledge of Far Eastern affairs. It should be noted, however, that the statement was issued after the liner had departed which conveyed Mr. Wang on his way to Shanghai. Thence, of course, he goes to Nanking.

Mr. Wang remained on board the Potsdam from the time she tied up at 4.15 a.m., until she sailed for the north at 5 p.m.

(Continued on Back Page.)

TUBERCULOSIS IN HONG KONG

Heavy Death Roll Reported

The return of cases of notifiable diseases during the week ended January 9, discloses 74 deaths from tuberculosis.

There were 21 cases of diphtheria with nine deaths; five cases of typhoid with four deaths; one fatal case of measles; two cases of cerebro-spinal fever; and one case of scarlet fever.

During the 24 hours ended on Monday, three cases of typhoid and two of diphtheria were notified to the local Health Authorities.

SHENSI IN THROES OF ANOTHER REVOLT?

CONFUSED MILITARY SITUATION

COMMUNIST ARMY VANGUARDS NEAR SIANFU

City In Control Of Red Elements: Soong Goes To See Generalissimo

Shanghai, January 12.
Vanguards of the Communist army commanded by the notorious Chu Teh and Mao Tse-tung, moving in a south-eastward direction from Kansu, have reached points within five miles of Sianfu where deputations of students and others are preparing to welcome them, according to Chinese reports received here.

The political administration of the city is now completely dominated by Red elements, led by agents of Communist leaders, but the military situation is most confusing.

General Yang Hu-cheng has removed his headquarters to Lintung, about ten miles north-westward of Sianfu, following clashes between his troops and those of Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang which are now commanded by the Military Council president, General Ho Chu-kuo.

It appears that General Yang attempted to include Marshal Chang's men in his command, but the attempt was forcibly resisted.

In the meanwhile the Government troops commanded by General Feng Ching-chai, advancing steadily westward along the Lung-mai Railway in the direction of Sianfu, clashed and routed the rebels in the neighbourhood of Hsianfu.

The garrison forces at Sianfu, apparently consisting of Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang's troops, are engaged in building defences outside the city in anticipation of an attack.

The situation in Kansu remains uncertain despite reports that General Yu Hsueh-chung, one of Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang's former associates, has wired the War Minister, General Ho Ying-chin, pledging loyalty to Nanking. After the recent revolt General Yu was demoted from the post of governor of Kansu, but his services were retained as military commander.

FOREIGN NATIONALS

The position of foreigners is believed to be rapidly becoming untenable. General evacuation is likely, but difficulties of transport hamper movements. The rebels have destroyed the railway tracks and bridges westward of Sianfu.

The British and American authorities are endeavouring to arrange for evacuation by motor bus.

—Reuter.

NANKING WARNING

Nanking, Jan. 12.
The military authorities in Nanking have served a final warning to General Yang Hu-cheng to withdraw his troops to their stations, otherwise they will be forcibly removed.

—Reuter.

CABIN BOY

STILL ALIVE

Customs Cruiser Incident

It was ascertained last night that the Chung Chi Chung, cabin boy, alleged assailant of Captain Campbell, of the C. P. S. Cheung Kong, is still alive.

A false rumour was circulated yesterday afternoon that he had succumbed to the injuries which he had inflicted upon himself by the revolver that fatally shot the late Captain Campbell, but this was dispersed by Dr. G. V. A. Griffith, of the Kowloon Hospital, who informed our representative that the man was still alive, though in a critical condition.

The Chief Officer of the Cheung Kong, Chu Chung Kock, is also in a serious condition.

If the alleged assailant dies from his self-inflicted wounds the authorities will not be thus able to discover the motive which was behind the dastardly outrage.

SOONG'S NEW MISSION

Shanghai, Jan. 12.

Mr. T. V. Soong flew to Fenghua from Shanghai this morning to interview Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek regarding the Sianfu situation.

Well-informed circles suggest that the present policy of the Government is directed towards

winning over Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang's forces, thereby isolating General Yang Hu-cheng. This accounts for the delay in adopting drastic military measures which might precipitate the liaison between Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang's men and the Communists.

Possibly Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang himself will be allowed to emerge from retirement in order to lead his army back to the national fold and incidentally re-instate himself in the Government's good graces.

—Reuter.

REBELLION PLANNED

Nanking, Jan. 11.

It is reported that General Yang Fu-cheng and the communist leaders have come to an understanding, and are planning rebellion against the Central Government.

General Yang Fu-cheng has left Sianfu for Lam Tung, and is organizing active opposition to the troops of the Central Government. The Government troops under General Feng Yam-chai are concentrated at Chung Kue Shi, and a clash with the rebels has already taken place at Yee Kwan Shan.

Owing to the communist ascendancy in Sianfu Province, it is feared that a peaceful settlement of the situation cannot be arranged by negotiation.

It is reported that the communist rebels are over 30,000 strong with about 10,000 rifles, but it will not be a difficult task for the troops of the Central Government to suppress them.

Foreign residents are leaving Sianfu, owing to the uncertainty of the situation.

—Chinese Evening Press.

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LONDON SILVER
MARKET

(From Our Own Correspondent)
London, Jan. 12.
London silver prices to-day were down 1/8 on "Spot" and 3/16 on "Forward," as follows:—
Jan. 11. Jan. 12.
Spot 21-1/4 21-1/8
Forward 21-1/8 21-15/16

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SUPREMACY OF LAW

Brilliant Lecture Delivered By The Chief Justice

THREE BASIC PRINCIPLES

An extremely interesting and instructive lecture on the Rule of Law was delivered by the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, K. C. before a meeting held in the West Lounge of the European Y.M.C.A. last night, under the auspices of the Literary and Debating Society of the Y.M.C.A. Professor W. Robertson, of the Hong Kong University, presided.

Sir Atholl's lecture provided plenty of food for thought. His Lordship explained English Law and Statute Law and remarked that the first of the principles was that law was supreme. From this principle flowed real freedom in the eyes of the law. The strict judicial interpretation of statutes was one of the greatest safeguards which the citizen had.

"The third and last of the basic principles, is, perhaps the most important of the three. It is that all men are equal before the law," stated Sir Atholl. "English law knows no distinction of persons save in the case of the Sovereign himself."

Addressing the meeting, Sir

Atholl MacGregor said:—"Since, my good Chancellor, you have now performed what you undertook at first and have fully persuaded me to apply myself to the study of the laws of my country, I will no longer detain you on this subject. But I now earnestly desire that you will proceed, as you have formerly begun with it,

to instruct me in the principles, method and nature of the Law of England; which law, I am resolved, shall be ever dear to me, preferably to all other laws in the world, which it as far surpasses, as the morning star exceeds the other stars in glory and in brightness."

(Continued on Page 3)

ROYAL EMPIRE SOCIETY

Aims And Objects Explained

ROTARY CLUB TALK

A talk on the aims and objects of the Royal Empire Society featured the address given by Lieut.-Colonel S. F. Williams, C.I.E. (Indian Army retired), at yesterday's dinner of the Rotary Club of Hong Kong, which was held in the Roof Garden of the Hong Kong Hotel.

At the conclusion of the dinner, the President, Mr. W. N. Thomas, welcomed the presence of Rotarian Sir Andrew Caldecott, and the return from leave of Mr. B. C. Field. Greetings from the Rotary Club of Canton was accepted by Mr. Tam on behalf of the members of the Hong Kong branch.

Among the guests who were introduced at the dinner yesterday included Prof. Noel, Dr. Bonnell, Hon. Mr. T. H. King, Messrs. A. E. Perry, K. G. McNab, M. Gavin, J. L. McPherson, T. Betteridge, A. H. Murray, H. A. Meyer, F. Eggleston and W. Sanderson.

Introducing the speaker, Mr. Tam stated that Lieut.-Col. Williams is the travelling secretary of the Royal Empire Society and is in Hong Kong on an extended tour. He has already visited Malaya and the Straits Settlement in the interest of the institution.

In the course of his address the speaker said:—

"I much appreciate the honour you have conferred on me as representative of the Royal Empire

AMBASSADOR TO CAIRO

Sir Miles Lampson At Palace

Cairo, Jan. 12.

Sir Miles Lampson this morning presented his credentials to the Regency Council at Abdin Palace as first British Ambassador to Egypt.

Police lined the streets near the Embassy where a mounted Royal bodyguard in red and blue uniforms was drawn up.

Sir Miles Lampson rode to the Palace in a state coach escorted by a bodyguard.

—Reuter.

Society in asking me to address you to-day. The rapid growth of the Rotary movement since its inception in 1905 to its present membership of—I believe I am right in saying—172,000 shows the great appeal that Rotary, with its ideal of Service, has, to thinking men of all countries in the world. Rotary is making a big contribution towards the promotion of good fellowship and mutual understanding between nations, which is so essential in the world in which we live. Over a more limited field the Royal Empire Society is making a similar contribution.

To an audience of this nature I shall possibly sound somewhat parochial but the parish is big and very scattered and I am sure that those of you who are not British citizens will forgive me if my address is perhaps primarily of domestic interest."

(Continued on Page 6)



There were animated scenes on the Kowloon Wharf on Monday when the East Lancashire Regiment embarked on the troopship Lancashire, prior to sailing yesterday for India. The above photograph gives an idea of what it was like at No. 5 wharf.



This informal photograph of Miss Vera Crappell and her mother was taken by our staff photographer on Tuesday, at the luncheon hour, just outside Marina House.



Whether it be a social or business occasion, mellow, friendly old Beehive adds tone and sparkle to the conversation, helps a man think clearer and makes even the pessimist admit that "it's not such a bad world after all." Keep a bottle handy—ask for it at the club.

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THE MILWAUKEE ROAD

INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE Future Of The New Regime

The vital need for maintaining the personnel and quality of the Indian Civil Service was stressed by Lord Willington, the former Viceroy, when he presided recently at a meeting, at Caxton Hall, London, of the East India Association, which was addressed by Sir James Crerar, formerly Home Secretary to the Government of India.

The Government of India Act of 1935, said Lord Willington, had given to a vast continent a unique opportunity to work out its salvation as a willing partner in the Empire. But it was for the youth of Great Britain to see that it supplied an essential ingredient in the administration of the country.

Whatever the prospective changes in Indian policy, the great tradition of administration must be maintained not only in regard to peace and order but in the improvement of rural and urban conditions. The Indian Civil Service of the future must continue to furnish its contribution towards sound and intelligent administration, without which no constitutional advance in India could promote the happiness of her people.

The safeguards provided for the services in the Act of 1935 were as complete as forethought could make them, and no Imperial service offered better attractions both in status and in emoluments. But it was the opportunity of a career which allowed a man to give the best that was in him in service of real value to India and the Empire that should be stressed.

Twenty Years' Changes
Lord Willington paid a high tribute to the loyalty and devotion of Indian civil servants who, while they felt that the constitutional changes of the last twenty years were, if not ill-conceived, at least premature and too rapid, and while they were in a position to retire from the service on well-earned pension, had remained faithfully at their post and laboured to give a great constitutional experiment a fair trial.

No man should enter the Indian Civil Service who did not appreciate fully the very real difficulties with which he would have to contend. But where those difficulties were clearly understood, and where the candidate was conscious of a real desire to serve in India, no obstacle should be put in his way and no effort should be made to dissuade him.

Sir James Crerar said that the success or failure of the new regime in India would in large measure depend upon the maintenance of public services adequate to their enlarging responsibilities. In many respects the weightiest share of these responsibilities would de-

volve upon the Indian Civil Service, which had never had a more absorbing field for its activity, nor opportunity for greater service to India and England.

A Major Problem
Referring to the complex difficulties of Indian recruitment to the Civil Service, Sir James said that one of India's major social and political problems was reflected in the necessity of providing against the undue predominance in the public service of any particular caste or community.

There were two responsibilities which could only be discharged by Indians themselves. The first was that the enlarged body of Indian officers should realise that the achievement of a legitimate ambition carried with it obligations to maintain the traditions of the service.

The second rested on public men of all communities in India to whom the new order brought a great increment of political power. It was difficult for people in England to realise how largely the question of posts in the public service loomed in the Indian perspective.

It was a major issue, and one of the bitterest apples of discord. If Indian public men were unable or unwilling to keep it within bounds, and sought to make the public service a bone of political contention or a spoil for the victor to exploit, they would incur the responsibility of inflicting a grave injury on the national life and the political future of their country.

PROTESTS TO JUDGE

Not To Be Brow Beaten

Reference to documents and telegrams sent to the Court during the hearing was made by Mr. Justice Lewis at the conclusion of the Tanyapandy riot charges at Swansea Assizes last month.

The messages, he said, had been sent to the clerk, and included telegrams containing, he was told, protests by certain bodies who should know better against these cases of riot, and in addition there was a protest signed by certain people against the accused being tried at that Assize.

"I never look at any of these documents," he said, "and I want to say that for any person or body of persons to address communications to a judge regarding cases is most improper. As long as I am a judge I intend to take no notice whatever of such communications. The only possible result it might have would be to make me more determined to go on with these cases."

INCITEMENT TO RIOT
"People should know of the possible great harm they may do to their own cause, and if they think that any judge is going to be brow-beaten or intimidated by that sort of communication they are very much mistaken."

The charges were of riot, incitement to riot, and unlawful assembly arising out of the attempt to rush a Fascist meeting at Tanyapandy on June 11. The defendants numbered 36, including five women. The judge's summing-up lasted for eight and a half hours, and the jury were absent for nearly two hours before returning verdicts of guilty against 33 of the accused.

Mr. Justice Lewis bound over 14 of the defendants to be of good behaviour for two years. Eleven were sentenced to 20 days' hard labour, which, being the period of the Assizes, meant their immediate discharge, and also bound them over. One was put back until this morning, and seven others received terms of imprisonment ranging from 12 months to two months' hard labour.

NO SCOTTISH CORONATION

Second Ceremony Is Not Permissible

I am informed by authorities on constitutional matters that a Coronation ceremony in Scotland, subsequent to that at Westminster Abbey on May 12, can be ruled out as a decided improbability, if not actually an impossibility, write a Home correspondent. The suggestion has been put forward seriously, but however much popular enthusiasm it would arouse, the fact is, I am told, that a second ceremony would not be permissible under the Act of Union. When the King and Queen are crowned at the Abbey they are crowned for the whole Empire, apart from India, which is in a separate category from the other portions of the British Commonwealth.

If a Scottish Coronation were practicable and was arranged, each other part of the Empire—Wales and the Independent Dominions—would be equally entitled to a similar ceremony, and would doubtless put forward claims for the privilege. It is obvious that such a series of ceremonies would involve an intolerable strain on their Majesties, and would really be quite out of the question.

The Ancient Regalia
One aspect of the proposal for a Coronation in Edinburgh is that it would bring into use the ancient Scottish regalia which, by the Act of Union, must never leave Scotland. The crown, the sceptre, and the sword of State form a regalia that is far more venerable than anything in the possession of England, but in the absence of a special Coronation they are never, it would seem, to be used by His Majesty. A suggestion has been made, however, that after the Westminster Coronation their Majesties might consider visiting Scotland to take part, say, in a ceremony of homage to them by their Scottish subjects, and that this would provide a suitable opportunity for the King wearing the Crown of Scotland, which he would have automatically assumed at the

AIR FORCE MEN KILLED

Extraordinary Series Of Accidents

An extraordinary series of accidents, resulting in the death of three Royal Air Force men, befell seven machines of No. 102 Bomber Squadron on a flight from Aldergrove aerodrome, near Belfast, to Finnerley R.A.F. station, near Doncaster, last month.

The aircraft were all of the Heyford heavy night-bomber type.

Taking off from Aldergrove in the morning the squadron, flying in formation, crossed the English coast near Barrow-in-Furness without difficulty, but approaching the Pennines they met with rapidly deteriorating conditions, marked by heavy fog of a very cold type.

The pilots lost touch with each other, and concentrated on trying to reach Finnerley or a nearer aerodrome safely. Only one, however, succeeded in reaching Finnerley.

PILOT INJURED

The fatal accident occurred when a machine crashed on Wadsworth Moor military rifle range near Hebden Bridge, Yorkshire, and burst into flames.

The pilot, Sergeant V. C. Otter, managed to scramble out of the wreckage before a tremendous spurt of flame roared up from the machine. He was only slightly injured. His three companions who perished were:—

Sergeant D. G. Church, the navigator, of London;

Leading Aircraftman P. G. Clements, the fitter, of Bournemouth, and

Aircraftman 2nd Class C. V. Bodenham, the wireless operator, of Ludlow.

ESCAPES

Another machine crashed at Dingle Farm, Moorside, near Oldham, and burst into flames. The four occupants made parachute landings—one landed on the roof of Crabtree Mill—and escaped with comparatively slight injuries.

Flight Lieutenant Villiers, the pilot, injured a leg, and Leading Aircraftman Keyes sustained slight concussion. They were detained in Oldham Royal Infirmary.

When the machine struck the ground it turned over before catching fire not more than 20 yards from buildings.

In another of the machines, which landed safely at Disley, Cheshire, was the commanding officer of the squadron, Squadron Leader C. W. Attwood. Another bomber also landed at Disley, where it nose-dived into the ground and damaged a wing.

The remaining two machines came down safely, one near Gainsborough, Lincolnshire, and the other near York. None of the occupants was injured.

SECRET ROAD TRAP

Small "Bag" From Many Cars

The secret trap or silent control method of detecting motorists exceeding the speed limit in built-up areas—a system condemned recently by motoring organisations and at least one Bench of magistrates—has been put into operation in the Swindon area.

This is the first time since the introduction of the speed limit in built-up areas that a secret trap has been used by the Swindon Police.

At the County Court, Superintendent W. T. Brooks, Deputy Chief Constable of Wiltshire, stated that the police saw 110 cars pass in three hours and only 17 exceeded the speed limit. This indicated that motorists generally were complying with the law.

He added that only five of the 17 were summoned, the others had been cautioned. A fine of £1 and the endorsement of the licence was imposed in each case.

The evidence of the police was supported by statements about measured distances and time, and clocks were produced to verify the details.

earlier Abbey ceremony. It is only an idea; but it might be acceptable in place of an actual Scottish Coronation.

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| | You Turned the Tables On Me, F.T. | |
| F6198 | Did I Remember, Jules Ruben Trio. | |
| | Me & the Moon, do. | |

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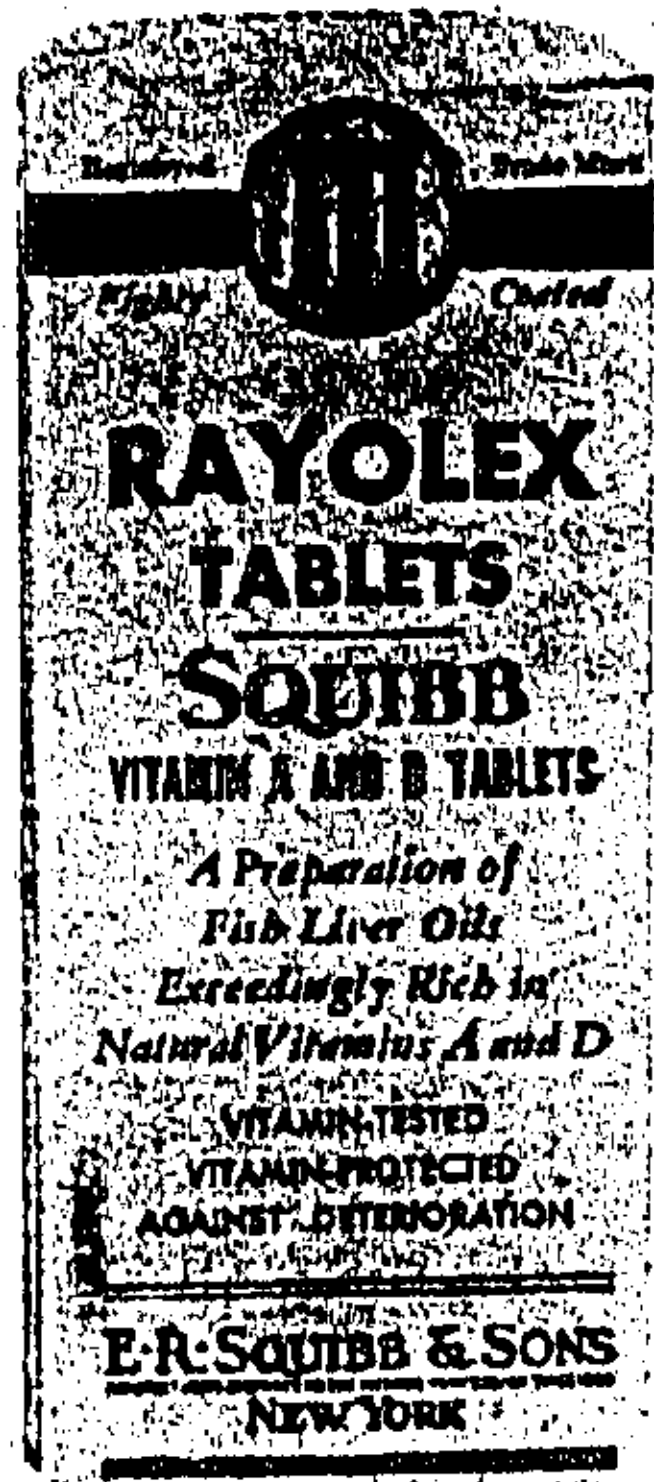
"My dear man!" he would no doubt say, "look at the symptoms logically. Yours is a clear case of strained nerves. We need not go into how you got that way. The climate, hard and nervous work, late nights, they can all be to blame—but you want to know how to become your old self, again. Why not start taking Sanatogen—it's really great stuff! It's made just for people like you, and I know from long experience that it will do you a lot of good. You have asked too much from your nerves, and with Sanatogen you replace the lost energy quickly."

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SUPREMACY OF LAW

(Continued from Page 1.)

These words are taken from the concluding chapter of a tract "In praise of the Law of England" written centuries ago by Sir John Fortescue who was Chief Justice of England in the reign of Henry VI. and who, on his monarch's deposition at the end of the Wars of the Roses accompanied the King into exile in France, where, with the barren title of Lord Chancellor to the deposed King, he acted as tutor to the young Edward Prince of Wales.

UNIVERSAL ADMIRATION

What is it that through all these years up to to-day has made British justice the object of such universal admiration? That is a difficult question to answer within the compass of a short lecture, but I shall try to-night to indicate a few aspects of the problem, and though by so doing I may not supply an answer I hope that at least I will give you some food for thought.

The administration of justice consists in the impartial application of the laws of the land to the facts in difference or dispute between litigants, and a useful starting point for us to-day will be firstly, the consideration of the nature of English law as applied throughout the Empire, its sources and its growth, and thereafter an examination of the position under the British Constitution occupied by law and its application through the Judiciary.

ENGLISH LAW

English law is unique in Europe in that it is a combination of the common law of the land, Statute law, and judge-made law. Every civilised country must of course have had a common law, a law embodying those customs, principles and precepts that throughout the ages had received the hallmark of approval from the people whom they affected, but few countries, if any, have retained as the basic part of their legal system a common law, in its essence as old, but constantly flexible, ever receptive of new ideas and the necessities of changed conditions, until in its final stage of growth it received full recognition.

STATUTE LAW

Statute law too is inevitable for all States possessing a legislative power, but in this respect also England has been fortunate, inasmuch as the legislative machinery has been and is the embodiment of a full and articulate democracy, so that it has been well said that an Act of Parliament is the act of every man in the Realm. In these days of universal adult suffrage one might go further and say the act of every man and woman in the Realm. No other great country except the United States of America, which adopted and has been true to English Common Law, has, with these initial advantages, as an integral part of its system that great and most valuable body of what is commonly called case law, by which is meant the interpretation placed on common law and statute law by the Judges, whether it be to adapt the former to the requirements of modern conditions or to rid the latter of its ambiguities and inconsistencies, and to declare for all time what a statute means in contradistinction to what its draughtsman, and his parliamentary critics thought it meant or intended to convey.

Such then are the main ingredients in what we know as English law. Elastic and adaptable it doubtless is, free of restrictive codification and these high sounding declarations of rights and liberties to which Continental systems are so prone.

TWO PECULIARITIES

Why, you may well ask, is it that even with such a legal system the administration of British justice stands so high? Why is it that the Bench of Judges is regarded with something akin to reverence, and that they, rather than the Executive Government, represent to the man in the street the August dignity of the Crown? That question inevitably leads to the examination of two peculiarities of the English constitution which, taken with another manifestation of a matter which I have already touched on, are characteristic of our daily life and thought, and yet lacking in practically every other legal and judicial system. Taken together they make up what is shortly known as the Rule of Law, the subject which I have chosen for this talk.

The first of these principles is that, the law is supreme.

REAL FREEDOM

From this principle flows our real freedom in the eyes of the law, the subject's freedom of speech, freedom of meeting, and freedom of movement, and the freedom of the press. No man

can be punished, no man can be made answerable in body or in property, except for a distinct breach of the law brought home to him by ordinary legal procedure before the established courts of the land. No man, where English law is in force, can be cast into prison to remain untried. His liberty, his person, and his goods are in the hands of a judge, pronouncing judgment after public trial on the publicly given evidence of fellow citizens and on the verdict of a jury of fellow countrymen, and are not subject to the whim of the arbitrary wishes of authority.

ORDINARY LAW

England knows no administrative power of arrest or punishment, because in England the law of the constitution is part of the ordinary law of the land. A Secretary of State cannot at his discretion and for reasons of state, arrest, imprison, or punish any man, unless of course special powers are conferred on him by Statute, such powers as the Home Secretary possesses under the Aliens Acts or the Extradition Acts, because a Secretary of State is governed his official as well as in his private conduct by the ordinary law of England. Even in periods of national emergency or revolutionary violence, as distinguished from war, the law of England knows no such thing as martial law in the sense of suspension of ordinary law. When once a state of actual war exists the civil courts have no authority to call in question the actions of the military authorities, but it is for the civil courts to decide, whether a state of war exists which justifies the application of martial law. The powers, such as they are, of the military authorities cease, and those of the civil courts are resumed ipso facto, with the termination of the state of war, and in the absence of an Act of Indemnity the civil courts may enquire into the legality of anything done during the state of war.

MARTIAL LAW

Lord Halsbury in the case of *Tlono versus the Attorney General for Natal* puts it very plainly when he says "It is by this time a very familiar observation that what is called 'martial law' is no law at all. The notion that martial law exists by reason of the proclamation is an entire delusion. The right to administer force against force in actual war does not depend upon the proclamation of martial law at all. It depends upon the question whether there is war or not." In the event of serious riot or civil commotion troops may be called out to help to quell the disturbance, and may be ordered to fire on the crowd, but if that order was unnecessary in the circumstances, or if more force was used than was actually required to restore order the persons responsible will be liable to prosecution in the ordinary courts.

Lord Bowen, a famous judge, puts it thus "Officers and soldiers are under no special privileges and subject to no special responsibilities as regards this principle of the law. A soldier, for the purposes of establishing civil order, is only a citizen armed in a particular manner. He cannot because he is a soldier excuse himself if without necessity he takes human life." Even when military tribunals have been established it behoves them to be scrupulously careful to do nothing which they are not plainly authorised to do, for the ordinary courts of the land, if their assistance is invoked, will not hesitate to pronounce on the legality of any acts of a military tribunal and to stand between them and any person over whom they have no jurisdiction.

I cannot better illustrate this than by quoting from Professor Dicey's admirable introduction to the Study of the Law of the Constitution. He has been discussing the French system of the suspension of constitutional guarantees and proclamation of a state of siege, and continues "Now this kind of martial law is in England utterly unknown to the constitution. Soldiers may suppress a riot as they may resist an invasion. They may fight rebels just as they may fight foreign enemies, but they have no right under the law to inflict punishment for riot or rebellion. During the effort to restore peace the rebels may be lawfully slaughtered in battle, or prisoners may be shot to prevent their escape, but any execution (independently of military law) inflicted by a court martial is illegal and technically murder. Nothing better illustrates the noble energy with which judges have maintained the rule of regular law, even at

periods of revolutionary violence, than Wolfe Tone's case.

AN IRISH REBEL

In 1796 Wolfe Tone, an Irish rebel, took part in a French invasion of Ireland. The man-of-war in which he sailed was captured, and Wolfe Tone was brought to trial before a court martial in Dublin. He was thereupon sentenced to be hanged. He held, however, no commission as an English officer, his only commission being one from the French Republic. On the morning when his execution was about to take place application was made to the Irish King's Bench for a writ of habeas corpus. The ground taken was that Wolfe Tone, not being a military person, was not subject to punishment by a court martial, or, in effect, that the officers who tried him were attempting illegally to enforce martial law. The Court of King's Bench at once granted the writ. When it is remembered that Wolfe Tone's substantial guilt was admitted, that the Court was made up of Judges who detested the rebels, and that in 1796 Ireland was in the midst of a revolutionary crisis, it will be admitted that no more splendid assertion of the supremacy of the law can be found than the protection of Wolfe Tone by the Irish Bench.

INDEPENDENT JUDICIARY

One necessary corollary to the true effectiveness of this first principle is that the judiciary should be absolutely independent. A Judge under the English system does not owe his position to any political party nor does his tenure of office depend on any party's remaining in power. He is appointed during His Majesty's pleasure, and is removable only for gross misconduct by joint address of both Houses of Parliament, and his duty is to hold the scales of justice evenly between subject and subject, or even between Sovereign and subject.

SUPREMACY OF LAW

I come now to the second of the principles on which as a foundation rests the supremacy of law. That principle, on which I have already briefly touched in another connection, is that of case law, or, in other words, the power which from time immemorial the judges have exercised, to interpret the common law and statute law, to declare its true meaning, and to adapt it or shape it to the necessities of the times or to the facts of each case. A law library nowadays comprises hundreds of volumes of reported cases in each of which may be found the decisions of appeal courts or of individual judges, and each of these innumerable judgments turns on the construction of a part of a statute or on the application of some legal provision to the peculiar circumstances of the case under trial. It is impossible to overestimate the value of case law, not only to the lawyer but perhaps even more to the man in the street, for it is here that we find first the confident claim to, and later the recognition of, two great powers against the harshness of the law or the arbitrary assertion of authority. These two claims are the application of Equity and the strict interpretation of Statutes, including regulations and bylaws.

GROWTH OF EQUITY

The growth of Equity as a branch of English substantive law is most interesting, but it is outside the scope of this lecture. It was originally the discretionary law administered by the Lord Chancellor to secure substantial justice, to temper and relieve the hardships which might arise from a too strict and rigorous application of the principles of the Common Law, to extend relief which that law could not give, and to give more ample and distributive redress than ordinary tribunals could afford. Through many vicissitudes it has grown, establishing its own benevolent principles and laying down its maxims, almost entirely through the medium of judge-made law, until now it is proud boast of every English Court of Record that it administers equity as well as law, and that where law and equity conflict equity must prevail. Equity shortly is a judicial device to ensure fair play for the underdog.

CITIZEN'S SAFEGUARDS

The strict judicial interpretation of statutes is one of the greatest safeguards which the citizen has. Parliament, the legislative sovereignty of which is supreme, speaks only through an Act of Parliament, and this fact greatly enhances the authority of the Judges. A Bill which has passed into a Statute at once becomes subject to judicial interpretation, and the

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TERMS—CASH ON DELIVERY.

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COMMENCING AT 11.00 A.M.

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THE 13TH JANUARY, 1937.

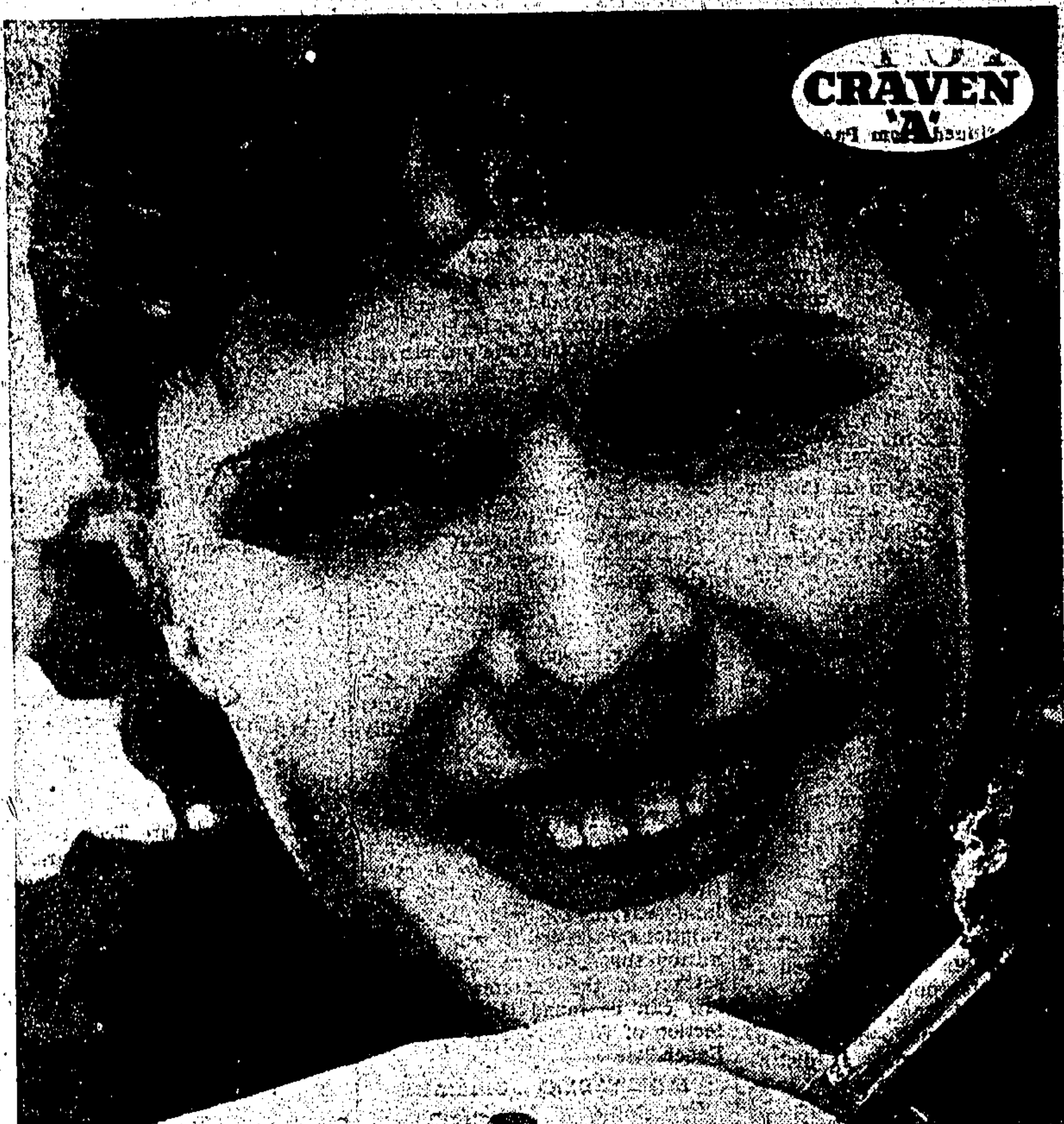
TERMS—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMBERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

English Bench has always steadfastly refused to interpret an Act otherwise than by reference to the words of the enactment. An English Judge takes no notice of anything which may have been said in debate on the Bill, and ignores the ostensible object of the legislation and the mischief at which it is intended to aim. He looks to the words used and to nothing more; gives them their clear, and natural intendment, and refuses to allow a Statute to be invoked against any person unless by plain and necessary implication that person comes within its ambit.

One has only to think back to some of the emergency war legislation to be reminded of cases where the executive Government was restrained by the Courts from enforcing what Government thought were rights vital to them and conferred on them by the Legislature, for the reason that whatever Parliament intended to do they failed to say so in clear and unambiguous terms. In their scrutiny of regulations, bylaws and other subsidiary form of legislation the Courts have been even more severe, and they will not give effect to any such rule unless in addition to being within the powers of the law-making authority it is reasonable, by which it

(Continued of Page 7.)



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TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMMES

Broadcast by Z.B.W. on a Wavelength of 355 metres (845 k.c.s.),
31.49 metres (9.52 megacycles).

12.30 to 2.15 p.m.—European pro-
gramme.
12.30 p.m.—Operatic Music.
1 p.m.—Local: Time signal and
weather report.
1.03 p.m.—An Instrumental Pro-
gramme.
1.30 p.m.—Reuter Press, Rugby
Press; Local: Weather forecast,
time and announcements.
1.40 p.m.—Light Orchestral Selec-
tions.
2.15 p.m.—Close down.
4 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.
7 to 11 p.m.—European programme.
7 p.m.—
A Programme of French Music
Les Filles De Gennevilliers (Old
French Song).—Sarthel, with
choir and Orchestra.
Piaiserie d'Amour (Love's Joy).
(Martini).—Jessica Dragonette
(soprano).
(a) Le Petit Bossu; (b) Mon
Pere m'a donne un Mari (Chan-
sons enfantines).—Choeurs
d'Enfants.
C'est le Mai (X...).—Yvette
Gilbert (Diseuse).
"Scenes Pittoresques"—Nuit d'Es-
pagne (Masset).—Georges
Thill (tenor).
Clair de lune (Paul Verlaine and
Gabriel Faure).—Mme. J.
Bathori (Mezzo-soprano).
Ouvre tes yeux bleus (Robiquet
and Massenet).—Edmond Ram-
band (tenor).
Paysage (Theuriet and Hahn).—
Ninon Vallin (soprano).
Si vous l'avez compris (Bordese
and Denza).—Andre d'Arkor
(tenor).
7.30 p.m.—Closing local stock quo-
tations and Hong Kong ex-
change market report.
7.35 p.m.—
The New Mayfair Orchestra
Savoy Welsh Medley (arr.
Somers).
Savoy Irish Medley (arr. Somers).
Bonnie Scotland (arr. Pether).
7.45 p.m.—
From the Studio.
The 7th of a series of Talks on
"The Early Days of Cricket,"
by E. Abbt.
8 p.m.—Local: Time signal, weather
report and announcements.
8.03 p.m.—
From the Studio.
Maurice Dufour and His Piano-
Accordeon: Popuchen, Espana,
Mama! Parlez-moi d'amour.
Serenade d'amour. L'or et
l'argent, and Quand l'aperceus
une femme.
8.20 p.m.—
The New Light Symphony
Orchestra with Beniamino
Gigli (tenor).
Orchestra: Spanish Dance No. 3
(Granados).
Tenor Solo—"Tosca" The Stars
Were Shining (Puccini).
Orchestra: Serenade Mauresque,
Op. 10, No. 2 (Elgar).
Tenor Solo—"Ave Maria"—Sol-
tano Tu, Maria (Furno—de
Curtis).
8.35 p.m.—From the Studio.
A Pianoforte Recital by Caroline
Braga, F.T.C.L.
8.55 p.m.—London—News and an-
nouncements.
9.15 p.m.—Reginald Dixon at the
Cinema Organ.
9.30 p.m.—Selection from "Any-
thing Goes" played by Jack
Hyllon and His Orchestra.
9.40 p.m.—From the Studio: A play,
"The Ogdodites' Outing" by
"The Radiodiffusion."
10 p.m.—London—Big Ben.
A programme of Variety and
dance music.
11 p.m.—Close down.

BERLIN PROGRAMME

1.05 p.m.—Call DJA, DJB (German,
English).
German Folk Song.
1.10 p.m.—Light Concert.
2 p.m.—News in German.
2.15 p.m.—Light Concert (con-
tinued).
2.55 p.m.—Greetings to our Listen-
ers.
3 p.m.—News and Economic Review
in English.
3.15 p.m.—To-day in Germany.
Sound Pictures.
3.30 p.m.—"Walpurgisnacht."
Musical play by Hans Grimm
adapted to the radio.
4.30 p.m.—A Woman in the game.
A sketch by Vera Bern.
9.45 p.m.—Concert of Light Music.
5.20 p.m.—News and Economic Re-
view in German.
5.45 p.m.—Press Review.
Editor in Chief Hans Fritzsche.
6 p.m.—Songs by Richard Strauss.
Anton Gruber-Bauer, baritone.
6.15 p.m.—Sign off DJA and DJB
(German, Engl.).
6.55 p.m.—Call DJA, DJB, DJN,
DJE.
German Folk Song.
7 p.m.—Concert of Light Music.
8 p.m.—News in English.
8.15 p.m.—Concert of Light Music
(continued).
8.55 p.m.—Greetings to our Listen-
ers in India.

RADIO AUSTRALIAN

TO-DAY
Wave Length, 31.34 Metres.
Power, 1 Kilowatt.
Frequency, 9.58 Megacycles.
6.30 p.m.—Recorded Music.
6.45 p.m.—Talk: "Arts Allie—The
Model"—Mr. John Young.
7.20 p.m.—National News Bulletin.
7.40 p.m.—Ballad Recital.
8 p.m.—Musical Comedy: "Love
Wins Through."
9 p.m.—To be arranged.
10.30 p.m.—Australasian News Ser-
vice, including Woodend, Vic-
toria, Race Results.
10.45 p.m.—Meditation Music.
11.30 p.m.—Close down.

**MILK BOARD
INQUIRY**

**One Cow In Three
Tuberculous**

It was declared by Mr. Rowe,
representing the tuberculin tested
milk producers, at the Milk
Board's inquiry last month, that
one cow in every three in this
country reacted to a tuberculin
test.
The inquiry, before Mr. N. L.
Macaskie, K.C., at Middlesex
Guildhall, is to consider bringing
producers of tuberculin tested
milk into the Board's marketing
scheme on the ground that while
they can take advantage of it they
do not contribute to it.
The value of a cow that did not
react to the tuberculin test, said
Mr. Rowe, was worth three times
as much in the market as a reac-
tor.
"If you have a reacting cow, the
milk of that cow can carry tuber-
culosis infection, and does," he
said.
Where danger lies
"I am not suggesting that if a child
went into a herd of reactors there
would be the slightest risk of in-
fection; but if she were to drink
milk from a cow that was reac-
tive, then there is a very definite
risk of infection."
"While it is stupid to say that
the great bulk of ordinary milk
contains risk of infection, so it is
wrong for anybody to say that a
risk does not exist."
"The moment any one of our
producers finds he has a reactor,
he must remove it at once from
the herd, and he can no longer
sell the milk of that cow as T.T.
milk."
The inquiry was adjourned.

**£3,550 DAMAGES
CLAIM
Victim Of Car
Accident**

Judgment for £3,550—to include
special damages and costs—was
entered by consent at Manchester
Assizes last month after Mr. Justice
Charles had been told of a young
man injured in a motoring ac-
cident who became obsessed with
all sorts of queer fancies and was
finally certified insane.
The action was by Archibald
Cowell and Walter James Cowell,
his son, of Manchester-road, Burn-
ley, against Ernest David Kay, the
owner of the car, and Francis
Roche Kay, the driver, of Scott
Park-road, Burnley.
Mr. A. E. Jalland (for the
plaintiffs) said that the accident
occurred on March 31, 1934. Walter
Cowell suffered severe concussion
and was detained in hospital until
the following day. When he left
it was thought that he was all
right; but from that moment he
changed in his disposition. He
had been certified and there did
not appear to be any hope of his
recovery.

**EX-CHAMPION
KING
Sport With The
Monarchs**

While King George is the only
reigning King who has competed
at Wimbledon, King Gustav of
Sweden has the distinction of
being a "doubles ex-champion" of
his country. He has also won
prizes at Riviera tournaments in
his 78th year, writes a London
correspondent.
I met a tennis player who had
just been in Stockholm, where
he played with the King. He tells
me that King Gustav, when asked
whether he played golf, replied
solemnly: "No, I am not yet old
enough."
King Gustav is taking a keen
personal interest in the construc-
tion of a new covered court in
Stockholm, capable of seating
4,000 spectators.
It will be used for the challenge
round of the Gustav Cup next
month between France and
Sweden.

Best Royal Golfer

King George does not share
King Gustav's view that golf is a
game but one stage removed
from the bath-chair. His handi-
cap is 11, which is proof of at
least a moderate devotion to the
game.
King Leopold is in a class by
himself among the golfing kings.
He is a scratch player. Very few
of his subjects can give him a
game on level terms.
He plays nearly every day, his
most regular opponent being
Viscounte Gatten du Parc, who is
a member of his household. But
he often goes round with pro-
fessionals.
The links he uses most frequent-
ly are those in the grounds of
Laeken Palace. This 18-hole
course was originally laid out for
Queen Elizabeth, who used to play
on it in pre-war days. Since then
it has been much improved.
He also plays on the Waterloo
and Ravenstein links. Ravenstein
was formerly royal property.
King Leopold II gave it to the
nation for use as a golf course.
In the summer the King of the
Belgians makes much use of the
Le Zoute links. He is also a reg-
ular player over the seaside
course at Le Coq. And he some-
times puts in a couple of days
incoignit at Sandwich.

**PITFALLS OF THE
EXTRADITION LAW**

The extradition laws in England
are of immense complication.
There is no general international
extradition law. Every extradition
must be on a treaty basis, that is
to say, there must be an extra-
dition treaty between the two
countries concerned.
Secondly, the crime for which the
alleged culprit is wanted in his or
her own country must be a clearly
defined extraditable offence spe-
cifically mentioned in the treaty.
In the case, for example, of a
wanted Frenchman having taken
refuge in England the request for
extradition might have to go
through the hands of the Surint-
e Générale, the Ministry of Justice,
the Ministry of the Interior and
the Quai d'Orsay in French soil,
and the French Embassy, the For-
eign Office, the Home Office, the
British courts and Scotland Yard.
This opens up entrancing vistas
for international lawyers.

**Beautiful Princess To
Play In Film**

After three days' beauty treat-
ment in Paris, Princess Kouka, a
lovely brown woman from the
Sudan, arrived in London recently.
She is to play opposite Paul
Robeson in "Jericho," a Capitol
film.
"She is as vivid as the relentless
sunshine and as serene as the
ocean of sand," rhapsodised Walter
Futter, the producer, who found
her, a chieftain's daughter, in a
Sudanese village, during his ex-
pedition to get local colour.
Kouka appeared at a West End
hotel wearing a gold veil, great
earrings, a coat of blue embroidered
in silver, and a scarlet skirt.
Her eyebrows had been plucked in
Paris and her finger nails painted,
and she folded her hands in her
lap as if to hide their pinkness.
Speaking French, Kouka said
that her father was very angry
that she should do anything so dis-
gusting as to become an actress.
But she cried at first, and then
locked herself in her room, and

**DIARY OF LOCAL
EVENTS**

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13

Anniversaries and Holidays—
Blessed Veronica.
Auctions—Household furniture,
at 35 Hankow Road, Kowloon. 2.30
p.m.
Cinemas.
King's—"Bengal Tiger."
Queen—"Murder With Pic-
tures."
Central—"The Mark Of The
Vampire."
Oriental—"The Golden Arrow."
World—"Chinese Picture."
Alhambra—"Flash Gordon."
Majestic—"Moscow Nights."
Star—"Spendthrift."
Dances—Cheero Club Dance, 8
p.m.
Entertainments—Mlle. Adele
Clement's Violoncello Recital at
Helena May, 9.15 p.m.
Lectures—Dr. Reichelt Speaks
at Meeting in St. Andrew's Church
Vicarsage, 8.45 p.m.; Lecture in
Cathedral Hall under the auspices
of the Hong Kong League of
Nations Society, 5.30 p.m.
Meeting, Kowloon Union
Church Women's Guild Business
Meeting, 10 a.m.
Social—Kowloon Union Church
Mah Jong Drive, 3.00 p.m.; Whist
Drive and Tombola at Garrison
Sergeants' Mess, Queen's Road.
8.30 p.m.
Sports.
Hockey—Army v. Waseda Uni-
versity (Navy ground, King's
Park), 4.15 p.m.
Hunting—Fanning Hunt (Fanning
Station), 3 p.m.
Shooting—Hong Kong Rifle As-
sociation Spoon and Practice Shoot
(Army Rifle Range, Kowloon City),
2 p.m.
Moon—XII Moon, 1st Day. New
Moon, 0.47 a.m.
Sunrise—7.06 a.m. Sunset—5.58
p.m.
Tides—High at 10.55 and 21.26;
Low at 4.16 and 14.56.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14

Anniversaries and Holidays—
St. Hilary, Blessed Odoic of For-
denone, Pioneer Missioner to China
(1331).
Cinemas.
King's—"Bengal Tiger."
Queen—"Murder With Pic-
tures."
Central—"Top Hat."
Oriental—"The Golden Arrow."
World—"Chinese Picture."
Alhambra—"Flash Gordon."
Majestic—"Mr. Robinson Crusoe."
Star—"Crime and Punishment."
Lectures—Illustrated—Lantern
Lecture by Prof. C. Griffin, to St.
Andrew's Club, 9 p.m.; St. John
Ambulance Anti-Gas lecture, by
Dr. Dorey, 7 p.m.; Lecture in Jaco-
bean Room, Hong Kong Hotel, by
Mr. G. P. de Martin, 8.30 p.m.;
Theosophical Society, 6 p.m. (Ex-
pected Visit of Presidential Agent,
A.F. Knudsen).
Meetings—St. John's Cathedral
Finance Committee, Cathedral
Office, 5.15 p.m.
Miscellaneous—St. Andrew's Wo-
men's Fellowship, 3 p.m. Speaker,
Mrs. (Dr.) Nash.
Social—Cheero Club Mah Jong
and Contract Bridge Drive, 8 p.m.;
Civil Service Cricket Club Whist
Drive, 9 p.m.
Sports.
Hockey—Hong Kong University
v. Waseda University (Navy
ground, King's Park), 4.15 p.m.
Snooker—Steel Coulson's Leag-
ue: R.A. Mess v. R.W. Fusslers;
P.O. Mess v. D.R.C.; R.E. Mess v.
R.N.F.; Signals v. G.S. Mess.
Moon—XII Moon, 2nd Day.
Sunrise—7.06 a.m. Sunset—5.57
p.m.
Tides—High at 10.53 and 20.47;
Low at 3.43 and 14.16.

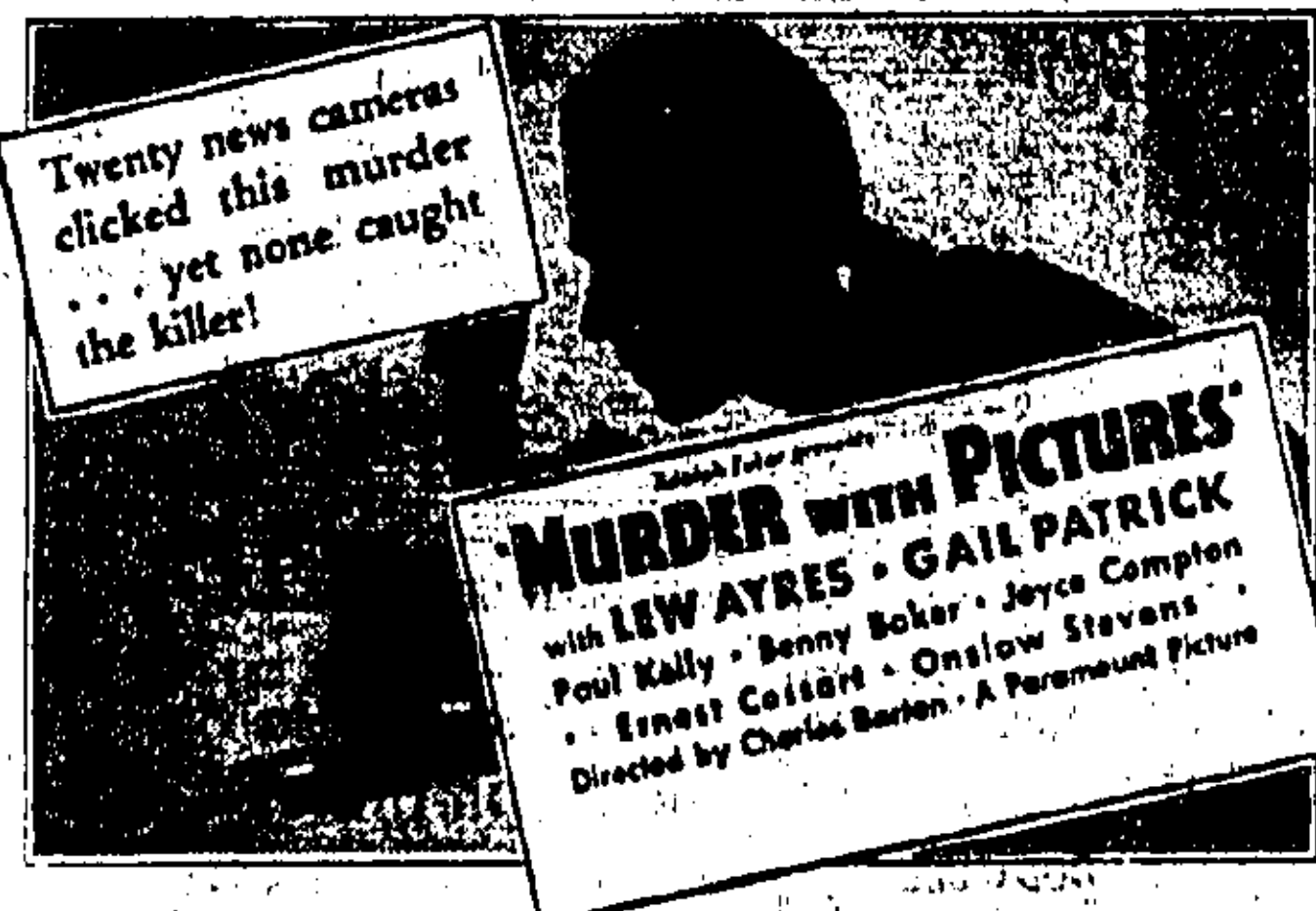
SAW TWO FILMS

During a visit to Egypt she saw
two films, and the one she liked
best was "King Kong." She saw
it night after night, and was en-
chanted. She was very anxious to
know if Paul Robeson looked like
King Kong, and was told that he
was "tres gentil."
Kouka is a Muslim, and she does
not drink or smoke. Neither is
she betrothed to any young Sudan-
ese prince. In fact, she thinks that
she might like to marry an Eng-
lishman, but she could never live
in this country; it is much too cold.
Kouka certainly has beauty and
gracility. And she also has a
grand sense of humour, which
makes her shrug her shoulders and
show her perfect teeth.
She looks as though she were
deserving of Futter's rhapsody.

QUEEN'S

DAILY AT 2:30, 5:15, 7:20 & 9:30. TEL. 3433

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW



FRIDAY: "THE JUNGLE PRINCESS" A Paramount Picture
DOROTHY LAMOUR • RAY MILLAND

ORIENTAL THEATRE

2 DAYS ONLY TO-DAY • TO-MORROW

VERY FUNNY ROMANTIC COMEDY!

Don't miss this startling revelation of a page heiress who gave a fortune-hunting prince the air.

"THE ACTRESS-OF-THE-YEAR" by official vote of the Motion Picture Academy, now in her first picture since winning the world-heralded award!

BETTE DAVIS

As That World-Famous Heiress, in Michael Arlen's

"The Golden Arrow"

with **GEORGE BRENT**

FRI. SAT. SUPERB VARIETY SHOW
AMERICAN TAP DANCERS EUROPEAN NOVELTY ARTISTS
DIXIE SISTERS ARTENELLI DUO
Personal appearance on the stage at all performances.
IN CONJUNCTION WITH
BARBARA STANWICK & ROBERT TAYLOR
IN A MAGNIFICENT SCREEN PRODUCTION
"HIS BROTHERS WIFE"
A thrilling story of jungle life in the wilderness of South America.
2 SHOW FOR THE PRICE OF ONE!
MATINEES: 20c-30c. EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c.

STAR

LAST TIMES TODAY

He was a great guy while he had it!

The horse-racing, girl-chasing romance of a madcap millionaire!

Adolph Zukor presents

"SPENDTHRIFT"

with **HENRY FONDA**

Pat Paterson, Mary Brian, George Barbier
A Paramount Picture Directed by Noel Mink
A WALTER WANGER Production

TO-MORROW: EDWARD ARNOLD in "CRIME & PUNISHMENT" with PETER LORRE, MARION MABSE

"BENGAL TIGER"

Heralded as one of the most thrilling screen dramas with its unique romance and colourful settings, "Bengal Tiger," a Warner Bros. production, opens at the King's Theatre to-day, with Barton MacLane, June Travis and Warren Hull in the principal roles.

The story and screen play by Roy Chanslor and Earl Felton centres about the lives of circus folk, both in their work before the public under the Big Top, and in their private dressing tents. It's the inside story of this colourful clan in the big tents, on the special train during the summer tour and in winter quarters.

It is a real circus thriller presenting the acts of acrobats, riders and animal trainers, with

TO-DAY AT THE CINEMA

Hong Kong

KING'S:—"Bengal Tiger"

QUEEN'S:—"Murder With Pictures"

ORIENTAL:—"The Golden Arrow"

CENTRAL:—"Mark Of The Vampire"

Kowloon

ALHAMBRA:—"Flash Gordon"

MAJESTIC:—"Moscow Nights"

Duo Artinellas and the Dixie Sisters

STAR:—"Spendthrift"

Coming

KING'S:—"Adventure In Manhattan"

QUEEN'S:—"The Jungle Princess"

ORIENTAL:—"His Brother's Wife"

ALHAMBRA:—"The Jungle Princess"

STAR:—"Crime and Punishment"

CENTRAL:—"Top Hat"

MAJESTIC:—"Mr. Robinson Crusoe"

"MURDER WITH PICTURES"

The solution of a baffling murder, committed directly in front of forty horrified witnesses who see the victim fall dead at their feet but catch no sight of the murderer or his weapon, is the basis of "Murder with Pictures," with Lew Ayres and Gail Patrick, which has its run at the Queen's Theatre, to-day.

In an entirely new treatment for this type of picture, the identity of the slayer is ultimately revealed in a whirlwind finish by a photograph which was taken just as the crime was committed. A mere wisp of smoke in the photograph betrays the plotter and breaks a "perfect crime."

With Ayres as a happy-go-lucky newspaper photographer who solves the mystery, and with beautiful Miss Patrick as a woman of mystery, "Murder with Pictures" is well supplied with all the ingredients necessary to satisfy the most rabid mystery fan and defies solution right up to the final sequences. The story deals with the slaying of Ernest Cossart, a crooked lawyer, during a celebration in honour of the acquittal of Onslow Stevens of a murder charge. A group of photographers line up to take his picture and when the flashlights boom he is shot. Miss Patrick, who had some mysterious dealings with the men, is present but flees when the police arrive, taking refuge in Ayres' apartment. Unknown to the other photographers, Benny Baker, a cub, had taken a picture of them as they lined up to take Cossart's picture.

Paul Kelly, a reporter, gets the plate from Baker. When the interested parties are assembled at the newspaper office Kelly appears to make a print. As he switches on the light of his enlarging equipment a hidden revolver is fired, killing him and destroying the plate. The police learn that Miss Patrick was in the dark-room before the murder and she is now suspected of both crimes.

They trail her to her hotel and find her unconscious. Believing Ayres implicated, they tell him the girl is dead. He goes to Stevens to find out what he knew about the girl. He discovers that Stevens and Cossart had killed her father, and that she came to demand money which was due her. Stevens is killed in an ensuing struggle.

In the meantime a print of Baker's plate is discovered in a distant city. It is placed on the Wirephoto System and broadcast to the world. From it the identity of the murderer is learned. Ayres and Miss Patrick capture him and plan marriage with the reward.

SHOW BUSINESS

Fannie Hurst, celebrated American novelist, is going to Paramount to write the scenario of "Show Business."

Curiously enough, Miss Hurst recently made a speech in which she said the cinema had never contributed anything of artistic value to civilisation.

Maybe it's just the money that interests her.

JEANETTE A JUNE BRIDE

Gene Raymond The Lucky Man

Jeanette MacDonald will be a June bride.

She and Gene Raymond have set the date for their marriage as June 17, and will take a month honeymoon trip afterwards, they revealed.

The reason for the long engagement—their betrothal was announced last August—is that they do not want a quick marriage on days off from work, but insist on a "honeymoon."

"MAYTIME"

The June date is set because their picture schedules will not permit a month off until that time. Miss MacDonald now is co-starring with Nelson Eddy in "Maytime" at the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studios, and is due to start another picture as soon as this is completed.

Plans are underway now for a "honeymoon home" which Miss MacDonald and Raymond expect to have completed by the time they return to Hollywood from their marriage trip. The house will be located in San Fernando Valley and, if work is started by January, they are certain it will be fully furnished by the middle of July.

SAMSON AND DELIAH

To Be Made By De Mille

Cecil B. de Mille, having signed a new contract with Paramount, is getting down to his old ambition of making "Samson and Deliah."

Project has been on and off for a long time now. Claudette Colbert was at one time suggested for the Deliah role.

Current opinion round the Paramount lot now tips Gladys Swarthout for the part.

She will be (if she is) because Paramount have bought the Saint Saens music to go with the story.

Possibly this will come before "Carmen," recently announced for her with Frank Lloyd producing and directing.

In the meantime, Russian filmsters are also having a stab at "Carmen" as a screen opera. With Carmen as the leader of the Junior Comsomols and Jose as a dashing young man from the Cheka.

LOUISE BEAVERS JOINS RADIO

Louise Beavers, coloured lady of "Imitation of Life," has found it extremely difficult to get parts. Everybody thought she'd done such good work that they couldn't ask her to play the minor roles usually set aside for coloured actresses.

Result was that she had a fairly tough time. Has recently started making a come-back, notably in "Rainbow on the River," Bobby Breen's second picture.

Radio, on the strength of that, are mapping out a starring future for her, as a coal-black mammy.

"MOSCOW NIGHTS"

"Moscow Nights" at the Majestic Theatre, is a film to be seen. It is the first film to be put out by a new company, General Film Distributors, Ltd.; it is the first Denham Production, made at London Film Studios; it is the first British picture of the famous Continental star, Harry Baur, and it is the first starring vehicle of the beautiful Penelope Dudley Ward. Anthony Asquith has directed the film with skill and originality.

The love interest is provided by an unusual triangle—that of a rich old peasant in love with a beautiful young society girl who out of pity for him, ignores the call of youth in the guise of a handsome young Russian officer. Unwittingly these three people are swept up in a tangled web of espionage, and it is not until the officer is standing on trial for his life that she realises how much he means to her and begs the old man's help.

Harry Baur, Laurence Olivier and Penelope Dudley Ward give inspired performances and brilliant support is given by Athene Seyler, Morton Selten, Robert Cochran and Hay Petrie.

Also Artinellas and the Dixie Sisters on the stage in a complete change of programme.

WHAT THE STARS MUST PAY

WHERE MONEY GOES

A Film star's life is not all champagne and chandeliers.

Figures just published in Hollywood show that the average artist's fabulous earnings are usually nullified by compulsory expenditures.

A report on the question points out that she must live in exclusive Beverly Hills, Bel-Air or Brentwood in a mansion with a bar and a swimming pool.

The alternative is to be a social outcast.

She must employ an agent who takes ten per cent. of every penny she earns.

She must have a business manager to see that she makes no unwise investments.

Other Items

There is entertaining to be paid for on a lavish scale. There is a new car to be bought every year.

And she must not let her mother, father, sisters, brothers, cousins, aunts, great-aunts or friends of the family starve.

Care of hair, body, face and skin costs a fortune. And she must never appear in the same evening gown twice.

Assuming the star earns \$30,000 a year, which is a fair average, she has to tip up \$11,000 a year in income tax to Uncle Sam.

Here is a typical yearly expenses account. Salary, \$30,000.

Income tax	\$9,000
Local tax	2,000
Agent	3,000
Business manager	400
Charity and dependents	2,000
House rent at \$100 a month	1,200
Cook's salary at \$20 a month	240
Butler's salary at \$25 a month	300
Maid's salary at \$15 a month	180
Chauffeur's salary at \$20 a month	240
Secretary's salary at \$8 a week	312
Food for self and servants	600
Light, petrol, repairs	200
Doctor, dental, medicine, etc.	600
Travel	1,000
Insurance, cars, personal jewels	400
Clothes	1,000
Entertainment at \$50 a month	720
Christmas gifts, advertising	720
Personal pocket money at \$10 a week	500
Total	\$23,612
Amount left for investment	\$6,388

SIEGE OF ALCAZAR

Darryl Zanuck is having a little trouble with that film he was going to make out of the siege of the Alcazar.

It was a nice, newsy story, with plenty of drama. He had fixed for a prominent war correspondent to write the screen play.

Now the more radical-minded American filmgoers are kicking up a shine about it.

The point is that it glorifies the Fascists. America, as a whole, doesn't care so much for Fascism.

Neither do the French, English and South American filmgoers from whom Mr. Zanuck draws the rest of his revenue.

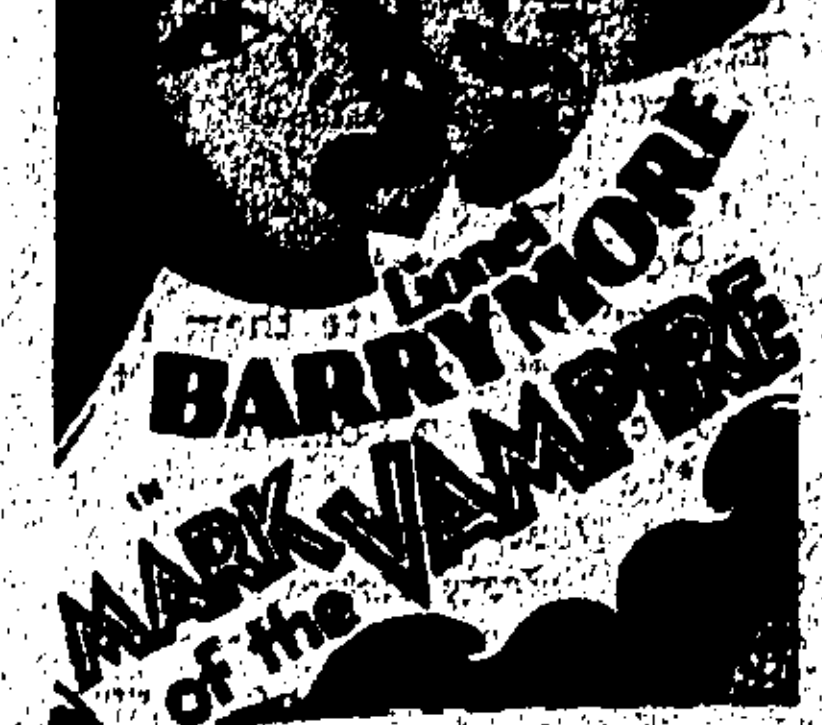
Germany and Italy, on the other hand, who would lap it up, refuse to let any money out of the country.

CENTRAL THEATRE

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

At 2:30, 5:15, 7:20 & 9:30 P.M.

AT THE MOST POPULAR PRICES



THURS. for ONE DAY ONLY
"TOP HAT"

KING'S

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2:30, 5:15, 7:15 & 9:30 P.M.

SATAN IS LOOSE!

When that cry goes out the whole world shudders!

BENGAL TIGER SATAN

THE MAN KILLER

BARTON MACLANE • JUNE TRAVIS • WARREN HULL
Paul Gracis • Joseph King
Directed by Louis King of Warner Bros. Pictures

NEXT CHANGE

JEAN ARTHUR — JOEL MCOREA in
"ADVENTURE IN MANHATTAN"
A Columbia Picture

ALHAMBRA

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

Most Stirring Adventures on Strange Planet!

THE BIG FEATURE SENSATION!

BUSTER CRABBE

FLASH GORDON

JEAN ROGERS

AMAZING STRANGE WORLD ADVENTURES!

FRIDAY: "THE JUNGLE PRINCESS" A Paramount Picture with Dorothy Lamour • Ray Milland

MAJESTIC THEATRE

MATINEES: 20c-30c. EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

BIG DOUBLE ATTRACTION!

ON THE SCREEN!

ON THE STAGE!

EXPLOSIVE DRAMA ENHANCED BY THREE AMAZING PERFORMANCES!

A GRAND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT!

"DUO ARTINELLIS"

DANSEUSES DE GENRE

IN A COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

THURSDAY, ONE DAY ONLY!

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS IN HIS BEST TALKING PICTURE!

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CABLE "SWENON"

ROYAL EMPIRE SOCIETY

(Continued from Page 1)

AIMS AND OBJECTS

The principal aim of the Royal Empire Society is to promote the preservation of a permanent union between the Mother Country and all other parts of the Empire and to maintain the power and best traditions of the Empire. Candidates for admission to the Society must undertake to support this object. Unity and strength—each is dependent on the other and both are vitally necessary to our Empire if we are to be able to ensure the safety of all peoples living under the security of our Flag.

The past few years have seen many revolutionary changes in the world. Few countries have remained unaffected. International relations are complicated by internal dissensions. There is a widespread feeling of nervous tension. I believe that most countries in the World to-day regard a strong and united British Empire as one of the most potent factors contributing to the preservation of peace in the world. There is no doubt that this Empire with its nearly 500 million British citizens bound together by a common loyalty to their King, is a very great steadying influence in world politics. This loyalty to the Crown and person of the King is a very wonderful thing when one realizes the vast area covered and the great diversity of race and religion of his subjects. It is only when one has lived amongst the people in distant parts of the Empire, learnt their language, and got to know them that one realizes its force. When you read of disaffection in India for example, you read of the comparatively few and very vocal town-bred politicians.

You hear little of the millions of agriculturists, small land-owners who form the bulk of India's population. You hear little of the Sikh, the Panjabi Mahomedan, the Dogra and the Jat, or those virile Pathan tribes of the North West Frontier. The loyalty of these people to their King is a very real force and magnificent people they are.

EMPIRE UNITY

We have just been through a constitutional crisis which, distressing as it is to many of us, has demonstrated in a very striking manner, not only the loyalty and affection of the peoples of the British Empire to their King, but their determination that the Crown shall remain in the future what it has been in the past, namely, the most important and vital link of the Empire. The maintenance of "Empire Unity" is the principal aim of the Royal Empire Society.

At the opening of the new Headquarters of the Society in London by the present King two months ago, the chairman, in his opening address, said: "There are two ways in which our Society can best fulfil its mission. Firstly, through the store-house of knowledge in our unique library, through the activities of group circles, at our lectures and at our Empire Summer School, where we can exchange views, and, by discussion and research, help to throw light upon all those Imperial problems which we have in common. Secondly, through the social side of our work. Every Englishman who has travelled in the Empire knows the warmth with which a visitor from the 'Old Country' is received. He learns that the phrase 'One great family' is no mere flourish but a reality. But the Empire visitor makes for London, and a great city is apt to be a trifle impersonal. Hence the value of the organization which the Royal Empire Society provides—a tangible expression of unity and friendship."

NO DISCRIMINATION

This social organisation is not confined to grown-up people but extends to young people of both sexes who are now eligible to join the Society as companions. This new feature of the Society is invaluable to students whose parents are living overseas, and I would specially recommend it to the attention of those Chinese-born British subjects who are proceeding to England to be educated. There is no racial discrimination but we only accept boys and girls of good social standing and moral character who are considered by the Fellows who nominate them to be suitable candidates fit to further the objects of the Society.

At the opening ceremony in November last, the then Duke of York said, "Many visitors from the Empire would come to Great Britain, some after a lapse of a great many years and others for the first time, feeling lonely and in need of a centre such as this, and next year

HEAVY LOSSES SUSTAINED

SEQUEL TO THE ABDICATION

Trade Brisk Again

Although very heavy losses will be suffered by certain manufacturers as a result of King Edward's abdication, nevertheless the situation is much more satisfactory than was at first expected.

The fact that the Coronation will not be postponed has greatly alleviated the position, particularly as it affects hotels, ticket agencies and tourist bookings. In addition there is a steadily growing demand for suitable souvenirs of the second shortest reign in British history.

The National Jewellers' Association, for example last month announced that, whereas indications had been that the jewellery industry would be faced with losses amounting to hundreds of thousands of pounds, many jewellers from different parts of the country are reporting exceptional demands for King Edward VIII. souvenirs.

Run On Silver Spoons

The reason for this is that the hall mark and date mark reflect the period in which the articles were made, and Edward VIII. souvenirs are likely to have special value in view of the events immediately preceding the abdication. One London store was completely sold out of silver spoons made during the reign.

The same happy tale is told by the National Association of Goldsmiths.

Coronation Bookings

The end to the crisis has also had a good effect on Coronation bookings. While the situation was still in suspense hotels, ticket agencies, and theatres alike found that the flow of inquiries practically ceased, although there were very few cancellations.

"Much to our surprise, however," an official of one large ticket agency said, "within half an hour of the announcement of the abdication bookings for the Coronation had started again."

"They were very few," of course, but they are steadily growing in number, and we can say that things are going on very well."

Hotel Applications

A meeting of the Hotels and Restaurants Association was held in London to discuss the situation. Meanwhile, the big London hotels reported that cancellations were "negligible," and that new applications for accommodation were being received by every post.

The main sufferers are the manufacturers and traders dealing in commemorative flags, medals and chinaware stamped with King Edward's head.

It is understood that only a small proportion of the loss has been covered by insurance, and several Birmingham small firms have been particularly hard hit. Some of them had sunk practically all their capital in souvenir work. Many millions of Coronation rugs, hundreds of thousands of yards of specially stamped cloth and expensive dies will have to be scrapped.

being Coronation year, those visitors would come in their tens of thousands.

The Royal Empire Society would therefore have a splendid opportunity to show hospitality and friendliness to those who had given time and money in order to come and join with the Motherland in her joyous celebration. The relations between the various parts of the British Empire were not just the concern of their various Governments. They depended even more on the human touch.

The Society had it in its power to make of the home coming of the many Dominion and Colonial visitors a really happy matter, and thus to bind the peoples of the Empire by the strongest possible tie in the world—the tie of friendship.

SPEAKER THANKED

Rotarian L. C. F. Bellamy then thanked the speaker on behalf of the members of the Rotary Club of Hong Kong and stated that he had himself recently attended the summer school of the Royal Empire Society in Bristol. Among the speakers who were brought to speak before the Society he named Sir Donald Summerville (Attorney-General), Professor Henshaw, Hon. Mr. S. M. Bruce, Mr. Henry Steeds (of "The Times"), Mr. G. A. Steer ("Times" correspondent in Abyssinia) and Mr. Malcolm MacDonald.

THEFT AT BARRACKS

Coolie Who Could Not Explain

Sergt. Brown, of the Royal Corps Signal, appeared as complainant yesterday when Tai Kwan Kwong, 17, a coolie employed at Wellington Barracks, appeared before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy on the charge of larceny of a quantity of lead telephone tubing and copper wire.

A. S. I. Dinkin prosecuted and said that the defendant was seen by a district watchman along Des Voeux Road. The coolie was searched and the articles were found on him.

On being asked where he got them from the defendant said that they had been found in a dust bin at Wellington Barracks.

Enquiries elicited the information that they were stolen.

His Worship: Have you anything to say?—I found the articles in a dust bin.

Where?—At Wellington Barracks.

And then what happened?—I wanted to sell them.

Why did you think you could do that?—I can't explain.

A sentence of one month's imprisonment was imposed on defendant.

SHIPPING COMPANIES IN COURT

Charter-Hire Dispute

The Far East Shipping Company, 18, Connaught Road Central, were the plaintiffs in an action brought against the Oversea-Chinese Shipping Company, 23, Connaught Road West, before the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, at the Supreme Court yesterday morning.

Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K. C. appeared for the plaintiffs who claimed \$6,500 being charter hire of the s.s. Ping Tai for the period between December 16, 1935, and January 16, 1936, payable in advance to the plaintiffs by the defendant under a charter party dated October 21, 1935.

Wan Tay, by his guardian Lam Kai Chuen, and Chu Kin Chuen were also named as defendants in the action.

Mr. Sheldon stated that only the second defendant, had been served and a statement of defence had been filed which was a confession and avoidance. There was nothing for him to do but to ask for judgment.

Ng Man Tu, manager of the plaintiff firm, produced a copy of the charter party and confirmed the claim.

Judgment with costs against the second defendant was entered.

MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE

Cheng Sick-kee, 44 shop fok, appeared before Mr. E. Himsforth at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday on a charge of manslaughter of Cheung Leung-wan on January 9, on board Class IV boat No. 4058/0 at Yung Leung Wan, Tai Po.

Inspector Rozesky asked for one week's formal remand which was granted by Mr. E. Himsforth.

SUSPECT DISCHARGED

Lai Lei, a 32-year old unemployed, was detained by the authorities for the possession of pills on Monday.

Yesterday, he appeared before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy who discharged him because no heroin was found in the sixty pills that were discovered on his person.

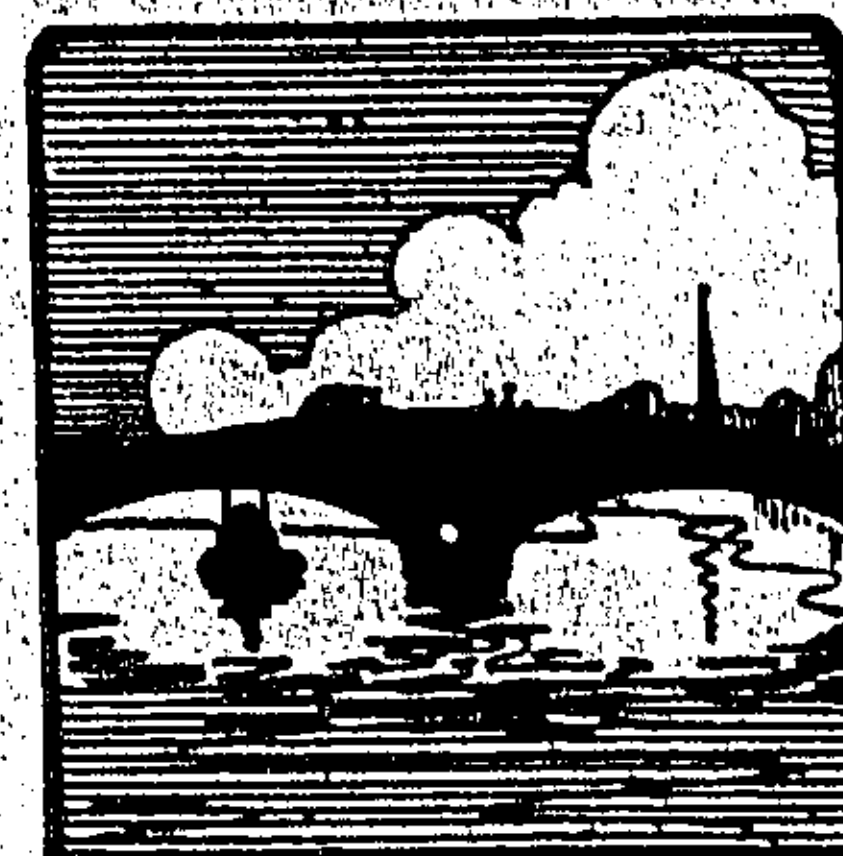
RETURNED BANISHEE ADMITS CHARGE

Sentence of six months' hard labour was passed on Chan Kwan, alias Lai Tu, 28, unemployed, of Reclamation Street, who was brought before Mr. Q. A. A. Macrae yesterday on a charge of breach of the Deportation Ordinance. Defendant was deported from the Colony on October 1936 for a term of ten years.

In answer to the charge defendant said that he came to collect the balance of his wages from his former employers.

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SUPREMACY OF LAW

(Continued from Page 3.)

meant no more than fair and equitable from the point of view of the persons affected by it. Strange indeed must this appear to be to those familiar with foreign systems of jurisprudence, where a Court is bound to give effect to the declared object of a decree or Act whether in fact that Statute verbally achieves its avowed object or not; where the declared aim of a minister in charge of and introducing a measure is conclusive as to its true meaning and intent.

ALL MEN ARE EQUAL

The third and last of the basic principles is perhaps the most important of the three. It is that all men are equal before the law. English law knows no distinction of persons save in the case of the Sovereign himself, for the King is the fountain of justice and supreme head of the judiciary, and the King can do no wrong. The practical meaning of this phrase, at least since the days of the Stuarts, is twofold.

Firstly it means that the King personally cannot be made answerable to the process of any civil court, any more than can an Ambassador or member of his staff under the legal theory of diplomatic immunity, nor of course can the King be tried for any criminal offence in any English Court, firstly because he cannot have trial by his peers, and secondly because the King obviously cannot commit an offence against himself, and every criminal indictment recites that it is presented by the Attorney General "on behalf of Our Lord the King."

GOVERNMENT IMMUNITY

A more important meaning of the phrase is that no civil action in tort, that is to say no civil proceedings for an actionable wrong such as assault, libel, or false imprisonment, will lie against any department of state, but there is nothing to prevent the person aggrieved from bringing his action not against the Government department, but against the individual actually responsible. If, for instance, you are run over by a Post Office van hurrying to deliver mails it is no good your taking action against His Majesty's Postmaster General, but no one can prevent your taking proceedings against the driver of the van. Recently a strong and representative committee recommended that this Government immunity be abolished and I have no doubt that are long the Government, in respect of torts committed by its servants, will be in the same position in the eyes of the law as any other employer of labour.

RIGHT OF PEER

One further small exception to this general rule is worthy of mention. It is the right of a peer to be tried by his peers on a charge of felony, which means that he is entitled to be tried by the House of Lords. Fortunately this cumbersome and costly procedure has very seldom to be invoked, the only cases in the last century having been those of Earl Cardigan who was tried on a charge of attempted murder in a duel in 1841, Lord Russell who pleaded guilty to a charge of bigamy in 1901 and the very recent case, which many of you doubtless remember, of Lord De Clifford who was acquitted on a charge of manslaughter in a motor car collision just a year ago. Some of you may have noticed that very shortly after that trial a Bill was introduced by Lord Sankey to remove this privilege and to make a peer in such unfortunate circumstances subject to the ordinary procedure of the courts.

NOTHING ANALAGOUS

With those few and relatively trivial exceptions it is true to say of Britain that in the eyes of the law all men are equal. Peers of the realm, statesmen, great judges, Colonial Governors, bishops and men of every rank in the community have, when occasion demanded it, been made subject to the law of the land, and even Princes of the blood royal have obeyed the behests of Courts of Law and have appeared to give evidence and been cross-examined like any humble witness. No aspect of the supremacy of the law in England is more surprising to the students of foreign constitutions and systems of Government. There is nothing in England analogous to the French system of "dret administratif", whereby all civil servants are dealt with not by the courts of the land, not by a judge with a jury of their fellow countrymen, but by special administrative tribunals which are empowered to inflict correctional punishment.

In English law the civil servant is, as his title denotes, no more nor less than the servant of the public. In his official capacity he may be called upon to exercise statutory powers requiring the greatest tact and discretion and gravely affecting many of his fellow men. He must in the exercise of these powers liken himself so far as may be to a judge, subject as he is in so doing to judicial supervision and scrutiny, but in all other ways he is in the eyes of the law no different from a member of the public whom he serves.

IMPERIAL POLICY

Even in so tolerant and kindly an audience as this I can imagine many who are wondering what all this has to do with us in Hong Kong so many thousands of miles from the British Isles. It is a natural and pertinent question but believe me the answer is simple and encouraging, and justifies my spending so much of my time on what occurs in England. English law and the British conception of the supremacy of law are not perquisites of Great Britain, but have been introduced into and are in vigorous life and force in every Dominion, Colony, Protectorate and Mandated Territory within the Commonwealth of Nations. There is however this great and most interesting difference. The declared Imperial policy of Great Britain, at least since the days of Joseph Chamberlain, has been that Britain holds a dependency in trust for the aboriginal inhabitants. Not only is there complete religious toleration, but in every case where circumstances warrant it the instruments of Government provide for recognition by the Courts of Justice of local law and custom so far as it is not repugnant to natural justice. In every dependency the law occupies the same high proud position as it does in the motherland. It is supreme throughout the Empire as it is, and for the same reason that it is, in Britain.

LOCAL LEGAL SYSTEM

English Colonial judges are called upon to administer, side by side with English law, and subject to the necessary safeguard which I have mentioned, many foreign codes and systems. In Quebec for instance, as also in Mauritius and St. Lucia the French Code Napoleon is an integral part of the local legal system. In South Africa, excluding Natal, in Ceylon, and in British Guiana Roman Dutch law is in force, in Cyprus the Ottoman Codes or Turkey are applied, and in Trinidad, at least a few years ago when I was there, there were still traces of the laws of Spain to which the courts gave effect. Throughout Africa the courts are enjoined to take notice of native law and custom, and in this Colony the Supreme Court, in matters affecting marriage, wills, and the administration of property, is guided in appropriate cases by the Chinese law and custom applicable. In India, finally, the British courts are preoccupied with the application to the cases which come before them of a multiplicity of Indian legal systems and customs, and in all these different countries with all their varying circumstances the Rule of Law is still triumphant. The reason for that is not far to seek. It lies in the heart of the Empire, where sits the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

PRIVY COUNCIL

Come with me to Downing Street, that little street off Whitehall where stand No. 10 and No. 11 the official residences of the Prime Minister of England and the Chancellor of the Exchequer, with the great facade of the Colonial Office and the Foreign Office quadrangle on the other side of the narrow street. We walk to the first building on the right, from Whitehall, push open the swing doors and climb the graceful circular sweep of stairs. Here, in amazing quietude, between busy Whitehall and the Horse Guards Parade sit the divisions of the Privy Council, usually two and occasionally three. Their task is to deal with appeals from all parts of the Empire. As I write I have before me their record of business for 15th, 16th, 19th, and 20th October, which shows that they are called upon to hear and determine appeals from Lahore, Patna, Allahabad, Oudh, and Bengal in India, and from New Zealand, New South Wales, West Africa, and Ceylon.

HEARD APPEALS

During my recent leave of absence I had the honour of spending six days in the first division of the Court, during which time I heard the Bench on appeals from Australia, two Canadian provinces, India, Ceylon, East Africa Trin-

THEFT AT CEMETERY

Chinese Caught In The Act

The opening up of a grave resulted in Hung Sui, 33, unemployed, of no fixed abode, being brought before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Inspector Hourihan, who prosecuted, said that defendant, who was wrenching the lid off a joss-burner was seen by a coolie, Ah Wai, of the Ho Tung Cemetery at Pokfulam. The coolie shouted and defendant ran away but was subsequently caught.

The cemetery is near the junction of Mount Davis and Pokfulam Roads, and is a private burial ground, belonging to Sir Robert Ho Tung. Its area covers about 500 x 100 yards and is very elaborate, and without an enclosure.

Liu Yuk Shum, a widow, and a caretaker of the cemetery, was the complainant, and the lid was said to be worth \$4.

His Worship: Have you anything to say?—I have nothing to say.

Defendant was then sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment with hard labour.

DONATIONS

St. John Ambulance Brigade

The Director of Ambulance acknowledges with sincere and grateful thanks the following donations: Hong Kong Singers (Proceeds of King (Chia Concert)) \$500 Dr. Ip Kam Wa 25 St. John Cathedral Xmas Tree Fund 20 Children's Clothing Xmas Tree Fund. Children's Clothing, Mrs. P. K. Kwok, and Mrs. Smith.

TRAVEL ASSOCIATION

The Hong Kong Travel Association acknowledges with thanks the receipt of the following subscription: Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation \$1,000

WEDDING

The forthcoming wedding is announced between Francisco Botelho, journalist, 310, Nathan Road, and Viola May Wood, 324, Leighton Hill Road.

dad, and Fiji. The room is a beautiful and restful one, surrounded with books, save where four paintings of famous judges hang, and in the centre sits the Court, three, four, or five old gentlemen in morning clothes, without wigs or gowns. Before them sits the Bar, and Counsel addresses them from a little rostrum in the centre. On either side, in seats extending even behind the Bench, sit interested members of the public and at the back of the room, in splendid isolation, sit the Registrar.

GREAT ISSUES DECIDED

It is there, in an atmosphere singularly free from all pomp and panoply, as the outcome of argument carried on in strangely friendly and conversational tones, that the great issues of Empire are decided. Only one judgment is delivered, and that, if I may be Irish for a moment, is not a judgment but merely an opinion advising His Majesty, who subsequently makes an Order in Council giving effect to the advice given him. In an unassuming but businesslike way they dispose of problems of every kind from the powers of a Dominion Government to the rights of an idol. It is not altogether surprising to one who has been privileged to see them at work that an Indian tribe a few years ago canonised a new idol which they call Privy Council.

Day in and day out the Courts sit with varying personnel but unvarying regard for the supremacy of law, supervising the judicial work of the whole of the Empire. So long as the British Constitution exists the rule of law is safe in its hands, so long as the Judicial Committee continues its work the humblest citizen of the remotest corner of the Empire may rest assured that he is as safe under the Rule of Law as he would be were he a Freeman of London. (Applause.)

SPEAKER THANKED

A hearty vote of thanks was proposed by Mr. P. S. Cassidy and met with acclamation.

BOARDING HOUSE DISPUTE

MRS. M. ROWE FILES CLAIM

Lady In The Box

Hearing of the claim brought by Mrs. Machelme Rowe, proprietress of the Marble Hall, Granville Road, for \$245 against Mr. Percy S. Gleed, travelling auditor of the British American Tobacco Company, was continued before Mr. Justice J. J. Hayden at the Summary Court yesterday when the case for the defence was put forward.

Mr. G. S. Hugh Jones appeared for the plaintiff while Mr. D. L. Strellett was for the defendant. The claim was for damages for breach by the defendant of a contract made by the defendant with the plaintiff whereby the plaintiff was to provide the defendant's wife and two children with board and lodging at Marble Hall at the price of \$350 per month, or \$400 a month in case the defendant should also stay there. The plaintiff claimed one month's charges in lieu of notice less board and lodging not supplied to defendant's wife and children, \$105.

SIMPLE DEFENCE

Mr. Strellett said that the point for the defence was a very simple one. It was alleged by the plaintiff that on the afternoon of October 19 the defendant and his wife definitely engaged themselves to hire two certain rooms in the plaintiff's premises at Marble Hall. The defence was this: that on that afternoon no definite conclusion had been come to as to the hiring of the rooms, in other words, that although the surrounding terms were agreeable to the defendants they would not entertain going into the rooms until the plaintiff had cleared the ground of a very delicate situation. Mr. Gleed would say that he had heard something though he did not know of the question regarding Mrs. Young taking the rooms. Both Mr. and Mrs. Gleed would tell the Court that until they were satisfied that Mrs. Young could get other accommodation, Mr. and Mrs. Rowe must not consider that (Mr. and Mrs. Gleed) had taken the rooms. Mr. and Mrs. Gleed were not going to take the rooms with the prospect of a friend holding it over them than they had practically thrown her out of her room. Mr. and Mrs. Gleed had insisted that it was Mr. Rowe's business to see about Mrs. Young and to satisfy Mr. and Mrs. Gleed that they would have alternative accommodation for Mrs. Young that would be all right.

Mr. Strellett said he would like to make it quite clear that Mr. and Mrs. Gleed would say that it appeared to them that Mrs. Young in her own mind and in the mind of her husband had taken the rooms and would be the tenant on October 28. Both Mr. and Mrs. Gleed wanted the situation cleared up without any unpleasantness.

TELEPHONE CONVERSATION Giving evidence, the defendant said that both his wife and himself knew Mr. and Mrs. Young very well. Referring to the conversation on the afternoon of October 19, witness said that Mr. Rowe stated that he did not think that Mrs. Young would accept a back room. Witness asked Mr. Rowe about room Nos. 3 and 4 and he replied that he had promised No. 4 to Mrs. Young.

Witness knew that Mr. and Mrs. Young had intended to stay at Marble Hall. Witness added that he told Mr. Rowe plainly that he (witness) would not like Mrs. Gleed to be involved in Mr. Rowe's negotiations and it was absolutely up to Mr. Rowe to satisfy Mrs. Young regarding accommodation. Witness definitely insisted that Mr. Rowe should approach Mrs. Young and offer her equally satisfactory accommodation. Witness expected to hear something very soon afterwards and the next day about 7 p.m. Mr. Rowe telephoned witness and said that he hoped "this won't make any difference to your coming." Witness then told Mr. Rowe that he had just heard from Mrs. Young that he (Mr. Rowe) had not only failed to satisfy her but had been rude to her, and that as far as he (witness) was concerned there was nothing more to be said.

MRS. YOUNG'S STORY

Mrs. Young, in evidence, said that over the telephone Mrs. Gleed told her (witness) that she was moving into Marble Hall as the rooms had been promised to her (Mrs. Gleed). Witness remarked that Mr. and Mrs. Rowe could not do that as they had promised her front rooms there. Mrs. Gleed was very upset. Witness went to see the Rowes. The interview was

NEW YEAR DAY INCIDENT

Chinese Driver In Court

CHARGE NOT PROVED

A Chinese driver, Wong Yuk, of 1, Electric Street, ground floor, was summoned yesterday before Mr. J. A. Fraser at the Central Magistracy, for driving his car without due care and caution.

The complainant was Mr. G. J. Grover, who stated that at 8 a.m. on New Year's Day, he attempted to cross Pedder Street, between the Canadian Pacific Company's office and the General Post Office, and narrowly missed being run over by defendant's car.

He added that the car was going at the rate of 30 miles an hour at the time.

In the witness stand, Wong said that he had driven a fare from Lockhart Road to the Star Ferry, and had gone on down Connaught Road and turned into Pedder Street.

Thinking he could be past Des Voeux Road before the red light came on, he drove a little faster but when the amber light showed he slowed down to about 12 miles an hour.

Warning Ignored

He saw the complainant step off the side-walk with his head bent and sounded his horn. Complainant did not pay any attention to the horn and kept on walking across the street. He jammed on his brakes and complainant then stepped back onto the side-walk. He was about three yards away when this happened.

Complainant then demanded to see his licence, and searched him and also slapped him.

Mr. Grover: Do you speak English?—No.

Then how did you know that I asked you for your licence?—Because I know the word licence in English and I heard you mention it.

Why did you refuse to take me to the police station in the car?—You tried to get into the car and I objected.

You also refused to go on foot. You did not ask me.

P. C. B. 375 stated that he did not see the accident as he was on the steps of the Post Office at the time.

Wong Man-kyong, a student riding in the car with defendant on January 1, gave corroborative evidence, after which defendant was discharged.

PROPERTY SALE

Two Lots Withdrawn

A public auction of leasehold properties, comprising three lots, was held at Messrs. Lammer Brothers' sale rooms yesterday afternoon.

The first lot, consisting of Nos. 5 and 8, Yuk Ming Street was purchased by Fung Sam, of 23, Ko Shing Street, for \$13,500.

The remaining lots, Nos. 12 and 13 Tai Pak Terrace and Nos. 11 and 13 Hee Wong Terrace, were withdrawn from the sale. The starting price for each lot was \$9,500 but there were no bids.

Mr. L. E. Lammer, sen., was the auctioneer.

THE DORADO

The R.M.A. Dorado arrived at Kai Tak at 11.40 a.m. yesterday from Penang. There were no passengers or freight but she carried 237,399 kilos of mail matter.

described by witness as being not a happy one. A great deal happened, she said. Witness stated that she had heard that her room had been let to somebody else and was told by Mrs. Rowe that it was not her room and they did not promise her anything. Witness was very annoyed because she had booked the room. They suggested that witness take another room, across the hall, but it was too small and she was shown another room which witness said she would not mind taking. She was asked \$12 a day but witness was willing to pay only \$9 a day. It ended up by witness getting no accommodation at all. In her opinion, said witness, Mr. and Mrs. Rowe made no genuine effort to satisfy her. The next evening Mr. Rowe telephoned and said that she could have room No. 4 and witness moved into Marble Hall on October 28.

STYLE AND QUALITY

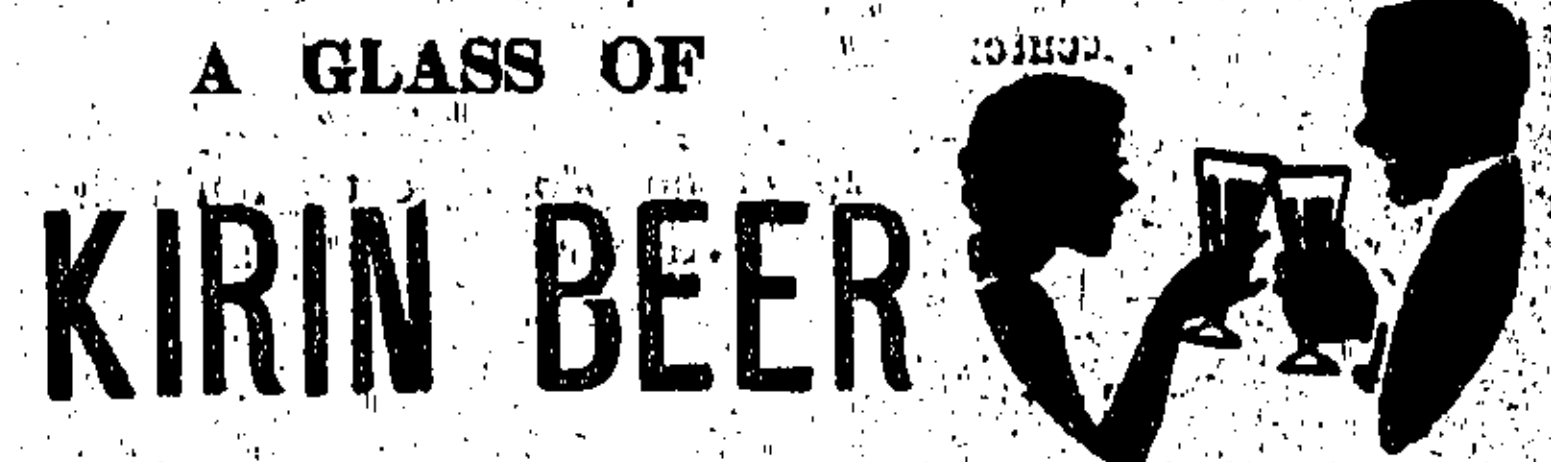


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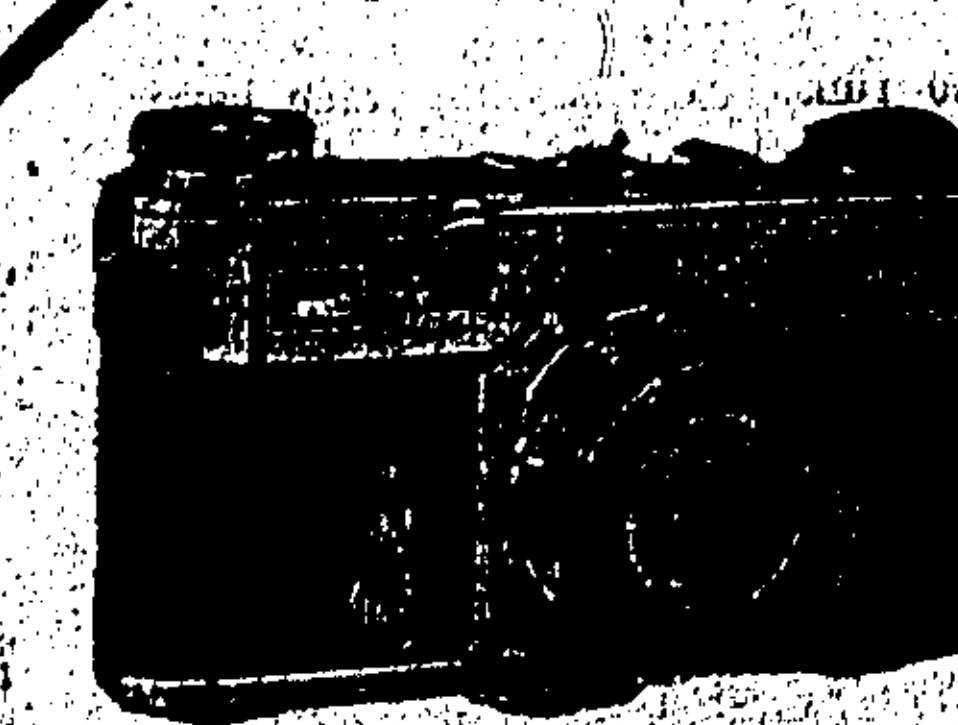
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

The Directors of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation announce that, subject to audit, the dividend for the half year ending 31st December, 1936 will be:—

Dividend £3. per share at 1/27/8.

Write off Bank Premises \$1,000,000.

And carry forward to next year about \$3,340,000.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG

PROBATE JURISDICTION

IN THE GOODS of Susan Higgins, late of Repulse Bay Hotel, Hong Kong, Spinster, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has by virtue of Section 58 of the Probates Ordinance 1897, made an Order limiting the time for creditors and others to send in their claims against the above estate to the 8th day of February, 1937.

All Creditors and others are accordingly hereby required to send their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

Dated the 11th day of January, 1937.

JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER,
Solicitors for the
Executor Dative,
Hong Kong.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

ANNUAL RACE MEETING, 1937.

Entries for the above will close at 3.00 p.m. on SATURDAY, 16th January, 1937, at the Secretary's Office, Exchange Building.

By Order of the Stewards,
C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 11th Jan., 1937.

M.C.C. DRAW

One-Day Match With Tasmania

Launceston, Jan. 12. A one-day match between the M.C.C. tourists and Tasmania played here to-day ended in a draw, the M.C.C. scoring 250 and Tasmania 145 for five wickets.

The M.C.C. were 184 minutes at the wickets in making 250 runs, the chief scorers being Barnett 41, Worthington 41 and Ames 32. Wyatt scored 14. His wrist seemed to be stiff and lacking in strength.

For the home side Thollard took five wickets for 67. Jeffrey scored 48 and Thomas 46.—
Reuter.

PROTEST AGAINST GOLF RULE

London, Jan. 12.

The Professional Golfers' Association has officially protested against the limitation of the number of clubs and sent a letter to Royal and Ancient expressing the opinion that it is unnecessary and undesirable to restrict the game in that manner. Such a limitation would interfere with the freedom of golfers and the matter of equipment.—
Reuter.

Editorial and Business Office:
15-19, Queen's Road Central,
Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office):
Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street
E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, JANUARY 13, 1937.

Germany Under "D.O.R.A."

Almost every day brings new evidence that the German people are in for a hard winter. Butter and margarine are being tightly rationed. Meat supplies are short—though, fortunately for the housewives, a rigorous control is being kept on the prices both of butcher's meat and of game of every kind. Fresh eggs tend to be scarce from week to week. Worst of all, there are now fears that, after a harvest which farmers would call only middling, the available supplies of wheat and rye will not see the people and their livestock through the months that lie ahead before the next harvest.

The farmers are being blamed, as the Russian peasants were blamed during the years 1928-31, for not giving up the full quota of grain scheduled by the Government; but the attitude of the farmers, no matter how cautious they are, forms only a very small part of the national food problem—a problem which has steadily become more acute, until now the German Government are faced with two immediate alternatives. Either they must ask the people to tighten their belts still further or, failing a fresh loan from abroad, they must buy food outside the country with some of the credit now given over to the purchase of raw industrial supplies. "Guns instead of butter" was General Goring's watchword last month. It is now in danger of being "Guns instead of bread."

Many National-Socialist speakers have lately been blaming the plight of the nation's food supplies on to "the machinations of international financiers."

What is the truth? Germany has certainly not been able to obtain all the credits which some of her economists (though not all of her politico-economists) have wished for her during the last three years. Neither has she been able to find any large number of profitable markets for her industrial exports; she has had trade barriers against her such as all nations to a greater or less degree have encountered. To that extent there is substance in the Nazi plea, and to that extent there is a particular importance in the anxious and determined search now being made among many nations for means of reducing international trade barriers.

On the other hand the present food problem in Germany is due even more directly to the political policy—or the political-military policy—of the German Government. Herr Hitler's large conscript Army, his armaments industry on a wartime basis, and his Four-year Plan for seeking self-sufficiency against an emergency are made possible only by cutting down, on the nation's food and clothing, every unnecessary expense—and even much expense which in many countries would be counted necessary.

Soviet Russia was said to have set out in her Five-year Plan to starve herself great. Germany seems determined to stint herself strong.

Obviously much depends on the success of the Four-year Plan which is now under the energetic

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY

Annual Dinner And Dance

The Hong Kong Philharmonic Society held its annual dinner and dance last night at the Roof Garden of the Hong Kong Hotel when over two hundred people attended.

Excerpts from the two recent plays, the "Maid of the Mountains," and the "Country Girl" were given by members of the casts, and everyone present voted it a most successful affair of the season.

Dr. D. J. Valentine, the President of the Society, was there with a large party, as was also Lt.-Col. H. B. L. Dowling, who was President in 1933.

Among other parties present were those of—Rev. Cyril Brown, producer, Mr. T. E. Jackson, Dr. J. E. Dovey, Dr. L. D. Pringle, and Mrs. Pringle, Mr. H. J. Best (Hon. Secretary), Mr. H. M. Cockle (Hon. Treasurer), Messrs. F. C. Clemo, E. A. Chater, J. Burling, Butler, K. Forrow, H. J. Fountain, P. C. Frost, Harris, E. Himsforth, R. M. Koonin, A. Kidd, Hubert, J. F. Smedley and others.

LADIES' HOCKEY INTERPORT

Team To Leave Shanghai On February 9

Shanghai, Jan. 12.

The ladies' hockey interport team will leave for Hong Kong by the a.s. "Empress of Asia" on February unless financial difficulties intervene.

The team will be selected after the final trial on Sunday and is expected to be a very strong one.—
Reuter.

direction of General Goring. If it is successful, if a high degree of self-sufficiency is attained, then the German people may feel that the present hardships are worth while. Herr Hitler himself has justified the Plan as providing a guarantee of future employment for the men who, he states, will be released from industry after the present drive for re-armament is over. The prospect of such men turning to the peaceful manufacture of substitutes for rubber, fodder, silk, and wool is one to which people in other nations would turn with a feeling of approaching relief.

Unfortunately it is hard at present to see any great success for the Plan. Most of the substitutes already made are grotesquely dear in price, and do not stand the wear of the articles they represent. If their manufacture were greatly increased Germany would have to shoulder a heavier financial burden than she has now, a burden which would be doubly heavy as much of her present revenue comes from duties on imports which would presumably be lost.

It is to be doubted whether a nation, even one under a resourceful dictatorship, could stand the resultant financial strain for long. The British people still hope for another and brighter way out, the way of international co-operation that was shown in the three-Power currency agreement which is still open to Germany.

However, judging by very recent happenings, it would appear that Germany's major concern—or the collective concern of her leaders—is without rather than within her boundaries. "D.O.R.A." will, doubtless, greatly facilitate the concentration of her leaders on a certain distant horizon. Meanwhile, hard times exist in Germany and it would take a very major catastrophe to distract the attention of the masses from an increasingly ominous internal economic situation which, of itself has surely become distracting enough.

Shanghai Prepares For Rugger

CLASH WITH H.K. IN FEBRUARY

Many Casualties

Rugby activities, after a lapse over a New Year holidays, will resume this week-end but with depleted ranks, particularly among members of the 1st XV, says the "North China Daily News," of January 7. In the first place the selectors will have to find someone to fill the gap caused by the tragic death of E. M. Slater. Slater was undoubtedly the Rugby "find" of the year and to replace his talents will be impossible.

Gaps have also occurred among the forwards. A. M. Kennedy, who has been playing regularly for the 1st XV since his arrival at the beginning of the season, is down with scarlet fever, which means that he will not be able to play against Hong Kong, who will be arriving here on February 10 and meeting the 1st XV of the Club on February 11 in the annual Interport match. Kennedy's illness is not the only piece of bad news. I. M. Macrae who led the pack in both the Meiji matches and is also a newcomer to Shanghai this season, is ill. He is reported to have some kind of fever. Let us hope it does not prove to be scarlet fever too.

It was originally intended to play off friendly matches between the Armoured Cars and Scottish, and the Electras and the A.S.F. this week-end, but a revision had to be made on account of the Scottish not being able to raise a full side. In addition to Macrae being ill, W. B. H. Riggs has injured his shoulder and it is doubtful whether he will be turning out again this season. The programme has been altered to a trial match between Blacks and Whites on Saturday, and a Club XV against the A.S.F. on Sunday.

TARR ON THE WING

Saturday's trial game will see Tarr and Roe being tried out on the wing with Tarr as the winger. All the 1st XV forwards, who played against Meiji are on Whites' side, but Blacks have quite a useful pack and should see something of the ball. An experiment is evidently going to be tried with R.A.O. Mayne in the second row with R. P. J. Stewart. The two sides are quite evenly matched with the odds in favour of the Whites. If the game does not do anything else it will set the players, after a rest of fully a week, on to the path of training again, and it will have to be strict if we are to beat Hong Kong, who are reported to be exceptionally strong, in February.

In addition to the matches in which Club teams are playing, the Loyals have a return match against the Police on Saturday, and on Sunday Tung Wen College will be meeting Area Details.

SELECTED SIDES

Blacks:—J. C. Jennings; A. D. Tarr, R. H. Roe, G. Bastian, R. D. Crofton; J. Bowerman (captain). P. Bliz; T. D. Adams, A. I. Burrows, W. F. Gilbert, D. McL. Wheeler, H. W. Carter, S. A. Wallace, A. Mabb, W. H. T. Pitcher.

Whites:—A. G. White; G. S. McGill (captain); B. R. Brown, R. N. Bryant, E. C. Blackwood; A. P. D. Kennedy, W. E. Tingle; Gordon Brown, J. F. Burford, W. D. Pearson, R. A. O. Mayne, R. P. J. Stewart, D. H. Stewart, G. J. P. Carey, E. P. Morphew.

SHANGHAI TRAGEDY

European Found Shot

Shanghai, Jan. 12. Mr. E. R. Petre, Deputy Governor of the big International Settlement gaol was found dying at his home last evening with a bullet wound in his temple and a revolver beside him. He succumbed shortly afterwards. Deceased, a Briton, was 29 years of age.—
Reuter.

SEALED LETTER

Shanghai, Jan. 12. The inquest on Mr. E. R. Petre was held this morning in camera and adjourned until January 19. It is understood that Petre left a sealed letter which was handed to the coroner. Officials are very reticent regarding the whole affair.—
Reuter.

CHIANG IN POOR HEALTH

Ordered By Doctors To Rest

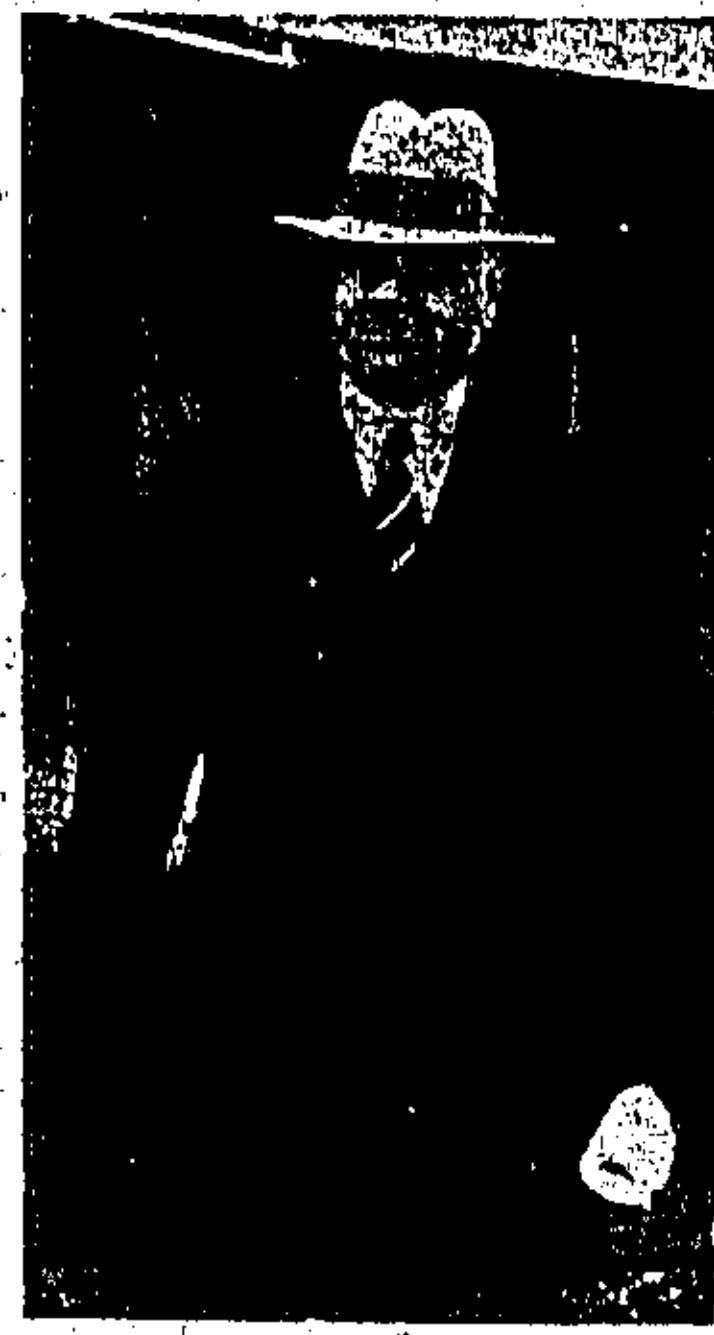
Hangchow, Jan. 12.

It is reported that Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's health has been appreciably affected by anxiety and worry, and that he is troubled with weakness in the legs.

His appetite has also been poor, but since resting in his home in Fenghua, there has been a great change for the better in every way, and his legs have regained their former agility.

But, although he has practically regained his former good health, his doctors have advised him not to worry. Accordingly, he talks very little, and only attends to really important business.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek rises very early in the morning, and it is believed that he will prolong his rest, before returning to Nanking.—
Chinese Evening Press.



Mr. Charles L. Hoover, Consul-General for the United States of America in Hong Kong, poses for our staff photographer on board the s.s. Kinshan, on her way to Macao, last Sunday. Mr. Hoover was met on arrival in the Portuguese Colony, by Mr. F. J. Gellion, the manager of the Macao Electric Company.

FOREIGNERS QUIT SIANFU

Shanghai, Jan. 12.

The first foreigners to evacuate from Sianfu, Herr and Frau Rayet, and Fraulein Walsemann, have arrived here by air, having made this trip via Nanking.

They are most reluctant to talk for fear of endangering other foreigners at Sianfu, as the city is definitely controlled by Communists.

Meanwhile, French nationals in Shensi and Kansu have been ordered to evacuate Altogether, there are 240 foreigners, mostly missionaries, in the two provinces.—
Reuter.

ANXIETY FELT IN LANCASHIRE

Japanese-Australian Agreement

London, Jan. 11.

Anxiety about the effect on Great Britain's cotton and rayon trade of the recent Japanese-Australian commercial agreement was expressed at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce to-day.

An official statement was issued after the meeting, and expressed the opinion that the United Kingdom Government ought to co-operate more effectively with the Australian Government so as to make it practicable for Australia to maintain more favourable terms for the Lancashire textile export trade.

The Board decided to support representations "to the Prime Minister, urging the Cabinet to adopt a policy stipulating, in the discussion of commercial agreements with Empire and foreign countries, satisfactory assurances of a stable market for British cotton and rayon goods. This should be an absolute condition for favourable terms in the United Kingdom market, the Board argues.—
Reuter.

SECOND BIRTHDAY

St. Teresa's Chinese Young Men's Society

ANNUAL DINNER

The annual dinner party of the St. Teresa's Chinese Young Men's Society, held at the Hotel Cecil last night, was attended by a fair gathering of members who celebrated the Society's second birthday.

The guests included Rev. Fr. Spada, Rev. Fr. Gallagher, S.J., Rev. Fr. Maestrini, Rev. Fr. Bourke, S.J., Rev. Fr. Orlando, Rev. Fr. Fung, Mr. J. J. Hayden, Mr. L. A. Barton, Mr. J. M. Figueiredo, Mr. Robert Choa, Mr. Fontana.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

At the conclusion of the dinner Mr. Chan Yap Yu, President of the St. Teresa's C. Y. M. S., called on Mr. Paul Lee to address the party, in the course of which the latter said:—

To-night is the annual dinner of the St. Teresa's C.Y.M.S. I would like to term it the second birthday of the Society; it is in fact attending its second year of existence. During these two years of childhood there were many noted activities, such as a lending library which brought numerous readers who came for books repeatedly, the Sunday teaching of catechism in prisons, the preaching on the Catholic Faith in pagan villages, frequent visits to hospitals, and monthly lectures to the members.

This Catholic Action Society of St. Teresa's Church is only two years old, but, in fact, Catholic Action is not only a matter of today's talk. It was established before the Ascension of Our Lord Jesus Christ when He addressed Himself to His apostles saying: Go ye and teach all nations. This teaches us that all the faithful who know the truth and possess the faith will have to perform their duty by spreading and making known these two virtues to those who are in the dark. So the work of Catholic Action is not only for actionists, it is also the duty of Christians. We should not be selfish; we should be good mowers. Jesus Christ complained that the "harvest is abundant, but mowers are few." This is His intention and Catholic Action is specially founded for Catholic lay men to fulfil His Holy Will. Now that as all Christians are to assist the Church authorities for the propagation of the Faith how much more heavier the duty will be to the members of Catholic Action, who are placed by God Himself to fill this post. The spreading of faith will bring good results without our knowledge. What we do with good intention, we leave in God's hand and He will do the rest.

A new clubhouse will come into existence and during the recent meetings discussions were brought forward as to how the club is to be put up. The majority of Committee members insisted on a strong

EAST LANC. DEPART

Animated Scenes On Wharf

BAGPIPES AND BAND!

H.M. troopship Lancashire, carrying on board the 2nd Battalion East Lancashire Regiment, bound for India, and Naval personnel for England, sailed from the Kowloon Wharf at 1 p.m. yesterday and was given a rousing send-off.

There was an enormous crowd present on the wharf and on board, prior to the ship's departure, to bid farewell to friends and comrades. Among those present were H.E. the General Officer Commanding, Major General A. W. Bartholomew, Rear-Admiral C. G. Sedgwick and Col. H. C. Harrison, G.S.O.I.

The bagpipes of the Seaforth Highlanders played selections as they paraded up and down the wharf while the band of the Royal Welch Fusiliers was also present. Coupled with the music, there was vociferous cheering as the Lancashire cast-off and left the wharf.

A pleasing incident followed. As the troopship made her way to Lyceum through the harbour it so happened that a number of British Naval cruisers were also leaving at the same time for their Southern cruise.

To many it appeared as though the Lancashire had been provided with Naval escort as she left the harbour but this was merely a coincidence.

Among the cruisers was the flag-ship, H.M.S. Cumberland, with the Commander-in-Chief, H.E. Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Little, on board, bound for Manila.

SNIPERS ACTIVE IN INDIA

New Delhi, Jan. 11.

Sniping continues in the Khasora Valley. One Indian soldier was killed and two Indian officers and seven other ranks wounded to-day. The British have occupied two villages frequented by the followers of the Faquir of Ipi because the tribesmen have not submitted.—
Reuter.

foundation to be made so that in future when the society will require more space there will be no need of pulling down the existing ground floor, but simply add a storey on the top. This struck me as the foundation of a material body as to be prepared strong before hand, how much more important is it for the members to be ready for unexpected attacks which may ruin invisibly the Society if the members are not ready to answer them.

Other speakers were Rev. Fr. Gallagher, Mr. Barton and Rev. Fr. Bourke.



Lt. C. A. Harrison, East Lancashire Regiment, superintending a number of men getting their baggage on board the troopship Lancashire, at No. 5 Wharf, Kowloon, on Monday. The East Lancashires left for India yesterday and were given a rousing send-off. The above photograph was taken by the "Daily Press" Staff photographer.

CONTROL OF MUNITIONS OF WAR TO SPAIN

SUPERVISION OF LAND AND SEA FRONTIERS

Volunteers And Military Personnel To Be Included

London, January 12. The experts' report on the scheme of supervision of the land and sea frontiers of Spain by means of which the consent of both parties to the conflict for control of munitions of war destined for Spain could be exercised was under examination this morning by the Chairman's sub-committee of the International Committee for enforcement of the non-intervention agreement.

Additional interest attaches to the proceedings of the Committee in view of the week-end developments and the replies to the British Government's representations which have been made in Paris, Berlin, Rome, Lisbon and Moscow which are awaited.

The British Government has expressed the view that the detailed scheme might be modified to cover the arrival in Spain both land and sea of volunteers and military personnel as well as war material. Such extension, it was added, might indeed render the scheme more acceptable to the two parties in Spain and the Governments addressed were also informed that the British Government would be glad to consider any detailed proposals for control of other forms of indirect intervention and would be ready for early discussion by the committee of any such proposals submitted to it.

Efficient control is the chief condition attached to the declarations of various Governments of their readiness to join in a general agreement for stopping the flow of volunteers, and the work that has already been done on this key subject by the technical sub-committee of the Non-intervention Committee now encourages hope of rapid progress.

British Wireless.

VOLUNTEERS FROM BRITAIN

London, Jan. 11. The law of 1870, which as the British Government announced on Sunday, is to be held applicable to the present civil war in Spain and prohibits British subjects to fight with foreign forces will not, it is understood, be made retrospective. All volunteers who have gone to fight in Spain hitherto, including 25 men of the Independent Labour party who set sail on Sunday, will therefore not be affected.

Transocean News Service.

BRITISH TROOPS IN PALESTINE

Jerusalem, Jan. 11. Eight battalions of the British troops will remain in Palestine till June and will be posted to strategic points throughout the country and thus be in a position to deal promptly with any further disturbances.

The commander-in-chief, Lieut-General Dill, has, it is understood, prepared plans whereby the whole country can be kept under control with the troops remaining at his disposal, in the event of emergency.

Transocean News Service.

KING AND QUEEN IN LONDON

Inspecting Decorations At Buckingham Palace

London, Jan. 12. The King and Queen who returned to London from Sandringham yesterday are visiting Buckingham Palace to-day to inspect the decorations which are in hand in preparation for Their Majesties to take up residence there. They return to Sandringham to-morrow.

British Wireless.

EIGHT MILLION RADIO FANS

London, Jan. 11. The present month will probably see the number of wireless licence holders in the United Kingdom pass the eight million mark. The number of licences in force at the end of the year was 7,980,573, an increase of 558,527 during the preceding twelve months.

British Wireless.

FRENCH PRESS ATTACKS

German Viewpoint

Berlin, Jan. 11. The paper "Lokal Anzeiger" summarizes in to-day's editions the reasons which, in its opinion, have led the French press to launch an attack against Germany.

These are stated to be "an attempt of the French General Staff to exploit Spain's present weakness and to carry out long harboured plans for taking the Spanish possessions in North Africa, and an intention of the Popular Front Government in Paris to deal with Franco at his base by making an attack on Spanish Morocco where, it will be remembered, the military uprising started first."

The determination is to aid the red rulers in Spain who are becoming more and more hard pressed by causing a withdrawal of troops from Madrid by an offensive in Morocco as well as to obstruct the international efforts to end the Spanish war, and the desire of all "internationalistic" and Jewish-Bolshevik elements who regard France as a bulwark, to make the Spanish conflict into a drive against Fascist countries and thus to extend the sphere of the conflict and the differences.

Transocean News Service.

DOES NOT HELP PEACE

Berlin, Jan. 11. The Morocco campaign launched by the French press is the subject of a review in the "Diplomatische - Politische Korrespondenz" which writes that since the last two days the French press has imputed to Germany nothing less than the firm intention to establish itself as a military power in Spanish Morocco and from there to threaten France.

The circulation of such reports is all the more serious, continues the journal, since Germany has stated, repeatedly in the most precise terms that all such allegations are pure fabrications and that Germany has no intention of misusing the Spanish conflict for egoistic and imperialistic, and least of all, territorial claims.

This statement was most clearly made as long ago as on the occasion of the visit of Count Ciano in Berlin. The new campaign, states the "Diplomatische Politische Korrespondenz," obviously aims at making not only conservative elements in France but also England concerned at the prospect of Germany's establishing itself in Morocco opposite Gibraltar. Such methods, whose effect is only of short duration but which nevertheless create a great momentary damage did not aid the peace and still less the international confidence.

Transocean News Service.

CHURCH CONFLICT IN GERMANY

Berlin, Jan. 11. As a result of the church conflict which broke out in Luebeck, nine pastors, who are members of the confessional movement, have been removed from office by the regional bishop Balzer. They are prohibited from participating in religious discussions of all kinds. The Reich church committee then entered the dispute and declared that the steps taken by the bishop against the pastors were too severe and ordered him to rescind the measures. The Reich committee, which is empowered by the government to deal with all church questions, has requested the Reichs Church Minister Kerl to intercede.

Transocean News Service.

GERMANY GIVES ASSURANCES

Integrity Of Spanish Territory

Paris, Jan. 11. Following an official announcement issued to-day, by the semi-official French news agency on the occasion of to-day's reception in Berlin, "Chancellor Hitler assured the French ambassador that Germany has not, or ever had, the intention of infringing the integrity of Spanish possessions in any form."

At the same time the French ambassador, for his part, gave the assurance in the name of his Government that France was firmly resolved to respect the integrity of Spain and "the status of Spanish Morocco as determined by the existing treaties."

Transocean News Service.

PROFESSION OF PEACE

Basle, Jan. 11. The report in the semi-official French news agency to the effect that the German Chancellor and the French Ambassador, M. Francois-Poncet, exchanged mutual assurances to respect the integrity of Spain and Spanish possessions on the occasion of to-day's reception of the diplomatic Corps, is confirmed here by responsible quarters.

Political circles regard the conversation with deep significance and point out that the German Chancellor's declaration represents a new impressive profession of peace which is entirely in keeping with his message to the entire Diplomatic Corps.

The declaration of the French diplomat was also received here with great satisfaction, especially since it serves to indicate that the French government is not a party to the anti-German agitation campaign being carried out during the past few days in the French press.

Transocean News Service.

BRITISH INFORMATION

London, Jan. 11. The British Government has received information confirming the report of considerable German activity recently in Spanish Morocco; but there is no confirmation of the landing of German troops.

It is true, however, that fortification work, on a small scale, is being carried out at Ceuta, with the assistance of German technicians. But according to information obtainable hitherto, this work does not extend beyond the town, which is owned by Spain and has a different status from that of the territory of Spanish Morocco, which is nominally under the suzerainty of the Sultan of Morocco.

It is emphasised that Great Britain does not take too serious a view of the situation in Morocco.

Reuter.

MADRID EVACUATION IN PROGRESS

Madrid, Jan. 11. Drastic measures for the evacuation of Madrid have now been undertaken. After 450,000 refugees from the territory occupied by Franco's forces have already been removed from the capital to the coast cities, it is now the turn of 250,000 Madrid citizens to leave the danger zone.

It is hoped to transport 8,000 to 10,000 persons daily with the help of all means of transport available. Anybody refusing to leave the city when ordered will be deprived of his foodcard and if persisting in refusal will be brought before a court martial.

Transocean News Service.

POLISH STUDENTS GIVE ANXIETY

Warsaw, Jan. 11. Considerable suspense accompanied the first day of lectures at the Warsaw university which had been closed for several weeks, as a result of anti-Jewish demonstrations and riots. The Polish students appeared early and occupied the seats on the right side of the room, leaving the left side for the Jews but few appeared. The lectures on the first day were held without disturbances or demonstrations.

Transocean News Service.

GHASTLY CRIME IN AMERICA

Boy Kidnapped And Murdered

Everett, Wash., Jan. 11. The naked body of a little boy, murdered by kidnappers, has been found in the woods near here. It is that of the 10-year-old son of Dr. W. Mattson of Tacoma, the sunny-headed Charles, kidnapped from his home two days after Christmas.

Horror and indignation grips all of the United States at a tragedy more gruesome than that which shocked the world when the Lindbergh baby—another Charles—was done to death by kidnappers. The body was found in the snow, without a stitch of clothing. The little boy had been brutally beaten to death, apparently, for his face was covered with blood, his teeth knocked out and there was a large hole in his skull.

Charles was sitting at home with his 12-year-old sister when a masked man entered the house, forced his way to the room where the children were sitting, threatened them both with a revolver, and finally carried off the boy. He left a note demanding a ransom of \$28,000.

Reuter.

GOVERNMENT REWARD

Washington, Jan. 12. The Government is offering a reward of \$10,000 for information leading to the arrest of the kidnapper of Charles Mattson.

President Roosevelt in announcing the reward declared that the murder has shocked the nation. The search would be pursued relentlessly and every means enlisted to capture the perpetrator of this ghastly crime.

Reuter.

BLOODSHED IN AMERICA

Police And Strike Pickets Clash

Flint, Mich., Jan. 12. Thirteen civilians and two policemen were sent to hospital mostly suffering from gunshot wounds as the result of a fierce twenty-minute street fight between the police and strike pickets outside the Fisher motor-body building factory where sit-down strikers have now been in occupation for a week.

The affair is the most serious one since the beginning of the General Motor workers' strike.

Police twice charged the pickets and used tear gas bombs against a hostile crowd which rapidly gathered and demonstrated on behalf of the strikers.

The demonstrators had not dispersed by midnight and the Governor ordered mobilisation of a company of the National Guard to prevent further bloodshed.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

U.S. SHIPPING STRIKE

Early Termination Expected

Washington, Jan. 11. The early termination of the American maritime strike is again forecast in well-informed circles to-day, some predicting that a basis of settlement may be announced to-morrow.

The seamen have agreed to arbitration, it is reported, providing the Government makes a promise to ask Congress to repeal that section of the 1936 Maritime Act compelling every seaman to carry his discharge book.

The strikers claim that discharge books could be used for blacklisting purposes. A small boom in foreign shipping has resulted from the tie-up of the greater part of the American merchant marine and the piers used by British lines in New York and other ports are piled high with goods awaiting shipment to every corner of the world.

Reuter.

KING ASSUMES TITLE

London, Jan. 11. His Majesty the King has signified his intention of assuming the title of Master of the Merchant Navy and Fishing Fleets.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

NEW HOPE IN CHINA

Sir Austen Pays Tribute

London, Jan. 11. Friends of China have rejoiced, with the Chinese people, that the solution of the Sianfu events increased the prestige of Marshal Chiang Kai-shek and the entire Government, declared Mr. Qu Tsi-chi, speaking at a dinner of the China Society in London to-night.

He said that China was finding great, permanent and beneficial changes could be achieved quickly and there was new hope and confidence throughout the country that she was learning to be politically national, and not merely racial.

Sino-British affairs had their roots intertwined in one Far East, whether in taste of culture or world peace, declared Sir Austen Chamberlain, replying. There was no such undeveloped market in the world to-day as China, strong and united and at peace with her neighbours, and developed by her own Government, can afford to all the world.

"We have no ambition and no desire to add another foot of territory to those which already recognise the sovereignty of our King. We have no territorial ambitions; no desire to over-ride the Government of China. In China, more than anywhere else, we are a nation of shop-keepers, want to be able to trade. And we see that your unity, integrity, strength and authority of your Government, are things as necessary for our purpose as they are for yours," Sir Austen said.

He would not say, it thought, he added, that Anglo-Chinese relations were purely material and that what Britain hoped for from China was nothing more than an increase in trade.

"We look for much more. And from a new and invigorated and confident China, we can expect a contribution to the development of the world that perhaps no other nation can give," he concluded.

Reuter.

THREE COURTS IN LONDON

London, Jan. 12. There will be three Courts in London this year, two in May and one in July. Usually four or five Courts are held in London during the season.

The curtailment is regarded as necessary in view of the large number of other engagements in the Coronation year programme of the King and Queen.

British Wireless.

ROYAL VISIT TO SCOTLAND

London, Jan. 11. The newspapers discuss the possibility of a Royal visit to Scotland after the Coronation. No official plans have been published, but it is suggested that the King and Queen might reside at the Palace of Holyrood for a week in July.

British Wireless.

MR. BALDWIN BACK IN LONDON

London, Jan. 11. The Prime Minister returned from Sandringham to London to-day. The first meeting of the Cabinet this year will be held on Wednesday, when Ministers will be faced with a very full agenda preparatory to the reassembly of Parliament to-morrow week.

British Wireless.

FRENCH FLEET EXERCISES

Paris, Jan. 11. The French Atlantic Squadron will leave Brest shortly for its annual manoeuvres off the Moroccan coast.

The fleet is a powerful one, composed of three battleships, the Provence, the Bretagne and the Lorraine, each of 22,000 tons, with 13.4 inch guns, ten apiece. Accompanying these capital ships will be a light cruiser squadron, very fast and modern, several submarine squadrons, and an aircraft carrier packed with fighting aircraft.

The manoeuvres will last for a month, which, it is pointed out, is the normal period.

Reuter.

KOWLOON CANTON RAILWAY

The unrivalled scenic route to Canton.
Travel by the "Fai" Expresses.
The fastest trains in China.
Hong Kong to Canton in 2 hrs. 55 mins.

Daily Express Train Service

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Flying Arrow	Kowloon 8.25 a.m.	Canton	11.20 a.m.
Flying Dragon	Canton 4.50 p.m.	Kowloon	7.45 p.m.
Flying Star	Kowloon 5.00 p.m.	Canton	7.55 p.m.
Flying Eagle	Canton 8.15 a.m.	Kowloon	11.10 a.m.

Daily Fast Train Service

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Kowloon	12.45 p.m.	Canton	4.05 p.m.
Canton	1.10 p.m.	Kowloon	4.30 p.m.

Fares to Canton

(Hong Kong Currency)

1st Class Single	...	\$4.00
Return	...	\$7.50
2nd Class Single	...	\$2.00
3rd	...	\$1.00

Fares from Canton

(Canton Currency)

1st Class Single	...	\$ 5.60
Return	...	\$10.60
2nd Class Single	...	\$ 2.80
3rd	...	\$ 1.40

Meals and Refreshments may be obtained on all Through Trains.

First Class Seat Reservations may be booked on application to the Station Masters at Kowloon or Canton.



THE HONG KONG PENINSULA HOTEL;
KOWLOON HOTEL; REPULSE BAY HOTEL;
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APTOR HOUSE; PALACE HOTEL;
HOTELS LIMITED.
In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking.

POPE'S CONDITION

Rome, Jan. 11. It is stated that if no complications intervene, His Holiness the Pope may be able to get up towards the end of the month and sit in an armchair for a few hours daily. The Pope transacted a quantity of business this morning.

Reuter.

FAIR NIGHT

Vatican City, Jan. 12. The Pope had a fair night though the pain in the right leg which attacked the varicose ulcers is increasing.

His Holiness is cheerful and resigned to his condition.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

SOME IMPROVEMENT

Rome, Jan. 11. Inquiries in the Vatican to-day regarding the Pope's health elicited the information that there is a certain improvement in the condition of his right leg whereas the left leg has become more painful. There was, however, contrary to rumours to the opposite effect, no occasion for an immediate anxiety.

Transocean News Service.

ARAB AIM IN PALESTINE

National Independence

Jerusalem, Jan. 12. The first Arab witness to appear before the Royal Commission this morning was the Mufti of Jerusalem, who declared that the Arab aim was national independence within Palestine.

Most of the members of the Arab Higher Committee were present at this morning's session.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

CAIRO FUND FOR BUYING PLANES

Cairo, Jan. 11. Subscriptions by the Egyptian people towards the defence fund, for buying aeroplanes and armaments from Great Britain, total £1,000,000, exceeding all expectations.

Money is still pouring in, all officials subscribing a month's pay, while everyone is contributing something.

Reuter's Bulletin Service.

TEST MATCH PERILS

Overcrowding At Melbourne

Melbourne, Jan. 12. The Health Commission in a scathing criticism of crowding of the cricket ground during the third Test match on January 4, says that only luck prevented loss of life when the crowd rushed an unfinished section of concrete which had not set, which crashed against the locked gates after the end of play. This might have resulted in deaths. The aisles and gangways were overcrowded and the situation was most dangerous in the event of panic.

The Commission direct the Melbourne Club to revise the estimated capacity to prevent entry of spectators after reaching the maximum capacity.

The Cricket Club has announced that new regulations have been enforced for clearance of the stand and gangways at future Test matches which would restrict attendances.

Reuter.

SECRET SOCIETY IN DANZIG

Trotsky Sympathisers Sent To Prison

Danzig, Jan. 11. Nine Trotsky sympathisers here were sentenced to prison terms ranging from three months to three years and three months for having organized and carried on a secret communist society under the name of "Spartakus League."

Although the communist party is prohibited in Danzig they had established connections with Trotsky in Norway and carried on an extensive correspondence. The leader of the Spartakus League in Zoppot, the Jew, Dr. Jakubowski was sentenced to imprisonment, but the principal organizer, Kluge, did not appear before the court as he is already outside the city, directing the international propaganda headquarters in Copenhagen.

Transocean News Service.

THE WONDERFUL HERBAL OINTMENT

If your skin is sore, injured or diseased, Zam-Buk is the one remedy that can be depended upon to soothe and cure. Smarting pain, soreness and irritation are quickly ended by this famous Zam-Buk ointment. It has powerful (yet perfectly safe) antiseptic properties that destroy poison germs in wounds, sores, abscesses, ulcers, etc. It expels all bad matter and grows new skin.

Zam-Buk is so highly refined that it soaks readily into the pores, purifying and healing in deeper tissues as well as the surface skin. The marvellous soothing and curative powers of Zam-Buk are due to its rare herbal origin, refinement and guaranteed freedom from animal fat. Never be without a box of Zam-Buk.



Agents: Messrs. Gilman & Co., Ltd. Hong Kong.

IF only every mother knew

Tears cease and baby's pain is soon soothed away with a teaspoonful of Woodward's Gripe Water. Woodward's checks fermentation and ensures complete digestion. It removes the cause of discomfort in a natural way. Woodward's contains no opiates, and is safe to give babies of any age.



WOODWARD'S GRIPE WATER

KEEPS BABY WELL

Small text at bottom left of Woodward's Gripe Water ad.

Small text at bottom right of Woodward's Gripe Water ad.

PEACEFUL SLEEP FOR SKIN SUFFERERS

Thousands brought to the verge of nervous breakdown by sleepless nights have been saved by the unrivalled healing power of Cuticura treatment.

Wash the affected part night and morning with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Dry gently and apply Cuticura Ointment. This daily treatment relieves itching and allays inflammation at once. The soothing, healing, antiseptic Cuticura penetrates to the depths of the eruption. It destroys the lurking germs which keep the disease active, it heals the festering sores and steadily establishes a healthy condition of the skin which leads to complete recovery.

Not only does it arrest the maddening itch instantly, but it eradicates the most stubborn Eczema, Pruritus, Psoriasis and other torturing skin diseases. Over fifty years' use has proved the curative power of Cuticura up to the hilt.

Cuticura

OINTMENT
AND SOAP

Sold by all Chemists & Stores
CUTICURA TALCUM specially medicated with balsamic essential oils. Absorbs perspiration, soothes and cools hot inflamed skin, relieves prickly heat.



NOT ALL ARE LUCKY

Diplomats And Their Positions

Some diplomats appear always to get easy posts, others seem to gravitate naturally towards difficult ones. Mr. Ogilvie-Forbes, the chargé d'affaires in Madrid, belongs very definitely to the latter category, writes a London correspondent.

He was sent to Madrid in the middle of August, the rest of the Embassy staff remaining at Hendaye. Now, I learn, he is going to make the Embassy as cheerful over Christmas as it can be in the circumstances.

Rumours, however, that he is to dress up as Father Christmas may be discounted.

Mr. Ogilvie-Forbes specialises in trouble in Latin countries. Mexico City put on some of its more spectacular revolutions for his benefit.

In 1930 there was a quarrel between the Vatican and Great Britain, which became so grave that the British Minister was withdrawn.

It was Mr. Ogilvie-Forbes who as Chargé d'affaires—the title spells trouble for him—completely restored the old friendly relations.

SHRAPNEL IN THE SKULL

Soldier Unattended A Week

An allegation that a soldier who was struck by shrapnel in Palestine was left unattended in a hut for seven days was made at a Stepney inquest recently.

"Death due to enemy action" was the verdict recorded on Reginald Maskelyne Howell, aged 24, a corporal in the Royal Army Service Corps.

Mr. Sydney Howell, of Sandringham Road, Finsbury, said that on August 10 he received a cable from Palestine to the effect that his son had been wounded by shrapnel from a bomb which blew up a lorry and killed an officer. Later his son cabled that he was lying injured in a hut at Nabulus for seven days without receiving any attention. He thought it wrong to leave a man grievously wounded for so long.

Dr. R. Ripley, of London Hospital, said that Howell was operated upon and a small metal foreign body was taken from an ear. Death was due to meningitis caused by a piece of shrapnel in the skull.

The coroner said that the father would have to take up the matter of the delayed treatment with the War Office.

EX-RECTOR OF STIFFKEY CHARGED

Harold Francis Davidson, aged 65, a lecturer, the former Rector of Stiffkey, appeared at Westminster Police Court recently charged with trespassing at Victoria Station and refusing to quit.

When the case was called Mr. G. Barton (defending) said it was impossible to do justice to it without a remand.

The Magistrate (Mr. K. Marshall) said it seems a very simple charge. Mr. Barton—It might seem simple, looking at the charge, but I think you will find it is a misconceived charge under rather peculiar circumstances.

The hearing was adjourned.

PRISON FOR LADY (MARY) HEATH

Lady (Mary) Heath, aged 40, air-woman, of Miller-street, Twickenham, was charged at Bow-street Police Court with being drunk and disorderly at Piccadilly Tube Station.

It was said that she had been fined twice and once bound over for drunkenness, and she was now ordered to find a surety in £10 for her good behaviour for six months.

Later in the day her solicitor said there was difficulty about her finding a surety. She was under a probation order made by the West London Court.

The case was put back and in the afternoon the magistrate was informed that Lady (Mary) Heath had been unable to find a surety. The magistrate said that she must undergo 28 days' imprisonment in default.

WIFE'S WHINES AND GROANS

Husband Charged In Court

"You cannot muzzle your wife," said Mr. Justice Bennett in the Chancery Division last month.

He was hearing an application to commit Mr. Edward Stuteley, of Streatham Vale, S.W., for breach of an order made by the Court of Appeal to prevent his wife being a nuisance to the neighbours. It was alleged that in her husband's absence at work, Mrs. Stuteley "cried loudly and persistently, made whining noises and uttered wierd moans and groans."

Mr. Justice Bennett—What is the husband to do? How can he stop her?

Mr. G. D. Johnston (for the neighbours)—He can find a companion for her or remove her from the house.

Excited When Alone

Mr. Stuteley said he had now found a suitable companion for his wife. His wife was ill and got excited when alone.

Mr. Justice Bennett—I do not see what I can do. (To counsel)—He cannot turn her out in the streets. Why do you not try to commit the wife? He cannot muzzle her. I am not satisfied that a husband is responsible for his wife's moans.

Mr. Johnston—He would be responsible for his dog barking if it was a nuisance.

Are you suggesting that, in the eyes of the law, a man's wife and his dog are in the same position?—As regards noise.

Mr. Justice Bennett said he would feel easier if Mr. Stuteley's side of the question was presented by a lawyer, and he adjourned the matter for a week to enable Mr. Stuteley to consult the Poor Persons' Department with a view to getting legal assistance.

CENTURIES-OLD GRIEVANCE

Records To Go Back To Scotland

Historical records which have been in London for hundreds of years will probably go back to Scotland when a bill to be introduced by Mr. Walter Elliot in the New Year goes through, writes a London correspondent.

These documents are distributed, I understand, between the Public Record Office in Chancery-lane and the British Museum. Some of them were removed from Scotland to London as long ago as 1298.

Scots have contended that the Treaty of Northampton in 1328 made provision for their return to Edinburgh, but the London authorities took the view that a special Act of Parliament would be necessary before they could be handed over.

Now that Mr. Elliot is to introduce legislation regarding Scottish records generally the Scots expect to get their prized documents back.

JAPANESE AVIATRIX TO FLY TO PARIS

Flight Planned For The Autumn

Miss Hideo Hisaoka, 18, announced her intention on January 3, to fly solo to Paris next autumn, when she completes her course of studies at an aviation school. "It is distressing," the petite aviatrix told reporters, "to see foreigners making numerous flights to this country, while no Japanese aviators ever take off for Europe. This is why I have decided to fly to Paris."

The youthful aviatrix will fly an all Japanese plane, which her father, Mr. Matsukazu Hisaoka, Managing Director of the famous Fugetsudo Confectionery on the Ginza, promised to present to her.

After graduating from a girls' high school, Miss Hisaoka attended the Nippon Aviation School at Haneda for two years, late last year passing the difficult official tests for a second-class pilot's certificate.

WESTMINSTER FASHIONS

Japanese M.P.'s To Dress To Order

The Japanese Government is credited with the intention of ordering M.P.s to dress less loudly in future. At Westminster the most effective ban on sartorial extravagance is the ironical cheering which greets any M.P. who departs from the conventional.

Every summer, on the first really hot day, Mr. F. A. Macaulay arrives at the House in a white drill suit. But his reception is so boisterous that few other members ever follow his lead.

Sir Austen Chamberlain and one or two other veterans are daring enough to wear light grey morning clothes with top hats to match. Sir Basil Peto, who once appeared thus attired, earned the nickname of "the ringmaster."

Lately Sir Vansittart Bowater arriving in Court dress was greeted with cheers and laughter, and with the aside from Sir John Simon that the debate on the Uniformal Bill was not due till the next week.

Kilt and Plus Fours

On Burns Night and other occasions Scottish M.P.s have been known to come into the House late in the evening wearing the kilt. That is always a signal for mirth. Once the mirth was especially loud because Mr. T. B. W. Ramsay, then M.P. for the Western Isles, was stopped at the doors because he was wearing a kilt. To carry a weapon in the Chamber is out of order.

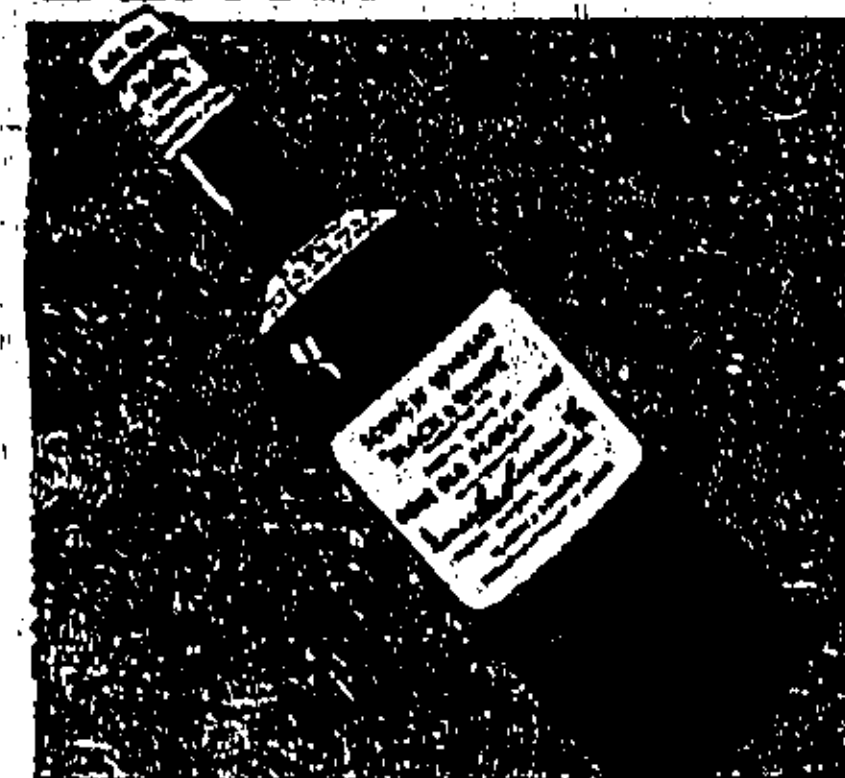
Plus Fours!

The Sassanach undress uniform, plus fours, is seldom seen at Westminster. Sir William Davison wore plus fours to take the oath at a recent sitting, but that was exceptional.

Evening dress, both with a black and a white tie, is common enough, though seldom seen nowadays on either front bench.

Waistcoats give the best opportunity for M.P.s to indulge in sartorial self-expression. Here Mr. Mander, leader of the field, with Capt. Margesson a good second.

BLACK & WHITE



FINEST QUALITY IN
SCOTCH WHISKY

NO IF OR MAY BE,
IT'S THE SCOTCH.

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NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE M.V. "BURGENLAND"

having arrived from Hamburg and Ports of call, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here, unless Notice has been given 48 hours prior to Vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 10th Jan., 1937, will be subject to Rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 18th Jan., 1937, at 10 a.m., by our Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations on consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

All Claims must reach us before the 13th Feb., 1937, or they will not be recognized.

No Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JEBSEN & CO., Agents.

Hong Kong, 13th Jan., 1937. [4948]

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

S.S. "JEAN LABOURE"

BRINGING CARGO FROM MARSEILLES, via Ports, etc. ARRIVED HONG KONG ON FRIDAY, THE 8TH JANUARY, 1937.

CONSIGNEES are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of Hong Kong, Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before the 10th Jan., 1937, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyor, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10.00 a.m. on Thursday, 14th Jan., 1937.

Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyor.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL, Agent.

Hong Kong, 8th Jan., 1937. [4939]

THE NEW B.B.C. GOVERNORS

The appointment of Sir Ian Fraser and Dr. J. J. Mallon as Governors of the B.B.C. will supplement the original claim of that corporation that its governing body while avoiding direct representation of sectional interests, should be a projection of the whole community.

Sir Ian Fraser, a member of the Broadcasting Inquiry Committee of 1925-26, which laid down the lines on which the B.B.C. is now run, is in the fullest sense a representative of the war generation. He was seventeen when the war broke out and is only thirty-nine.

Dr. J. J. Mallon, the Manchester-born Warden of Toynbee Hall, is nearly twenty years older. Yet, more almost than anyone he may be said to represent the student classes of the new post-war generation.

He is remarkably active and a fine speaker, and is interested in all international problems affecting the youth of the country.

A PARLIAMENTARY PRECEDENT Sir Ian Fraser is the first member of Parliament to be appointed

IMPORTANCE OF NANCHANG

Black Tea Trade Revived

With the completion of the Chekiang-Kiangsi Railway and several inter-provincial highways and the rapid progress of rehabilitation work since the extermination of Communist banditry Nanchang, the capital of Kiangsi, has become a commercial centre in southeast China.

A great impetus to the development of commerce is the institution of economic co-operation. In this connection special mention must be given to the Commission for the Distribution and Marketing of Kiangsi and Anhwei Black Tea, which has revived the black tea trade through co-operative distribution and marketing.

Trade Exhibition

The Chekiang-Kiangsi Native Products Exhibition to be held in Nanchang and Hangchow next year are also drawing wide attention to the importance and possibility of cementing closer economic relations between the two provinces. Meanwhile, arrangements are being made for economic co-operation between Kiangsi, Hupeh, Hunan and Kwangtung.

The commercial ascendancy of Nanchang may best be seen from the high percentage of merchants. Of its total population of 300,000 about 13 per cent. are merchants, 11 per cent. workers and 24 per cent. farmers.

According to a recent investigation, there are about 10,000 shops in Nanchang at present. Tailor shops occupy the largest number, being approximately 757. Food shops come second, being 737. Restaurants, groceries and utensil shops number 670, 518 and 607 respectively. Hotels and hostels also do thriving business, numbering 384.

MIAOUS FROM BARCELONA

Fiery Speeches "On The Air"

Barcelona broadcasts are enlightening just now. This week station, which is difficult to get on ordinary sets, releases a spate of fiery speeches, Anarchist and Marxist, proclaiming the Spanish Revolution, defying Fascism, and thanking Moscow for Soviet support.

Nine times out of ten the "Segadors" (Reapers), the gravely passionate hymn of Catalan Separatist-Nationalism, salutes their perorations. It commemorates the "reaping" of French "interveners" by Catalan peasants armed with sickles.

A strangely sinister effect is produced by interlarding these fierce Red and Black speeches with advertisements. Thus an extremist decree against traitors and class enemies will be followed by "Café a la Crema Marsilla," "Sardinas Miaou... Miaou... Miaou!"

Presumably the manufacturers of these specialities are either dead or in flight, but, although requisitioned by the proletariat, the station continues, out of routine, to fulfil its publicity contracts.

SOVIET ORDERS TO BRITAIN

London, Jan. 11. Orders for English goods to the extent of four million pounds have been placed by the Soviet Union within the past few days, these including electro technical equipment, machines, tools, ship equipments and a 25,000 tons drydock.

These orders represent the Soviet Union's first large scale utilisation of the ten million pounds credit extended by England. Up to the present time the inability of an agreement on prices and the unwillingness of the British authorities to give permits for the delivery of special weapons to Russia on short order has hindered a further use of the credit.

Transocean News Service

Fraser of Inverness. A direct ancestor went to Quebec with Wolfe in 1759, and stayed there.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

(Through Reuters' Service)

QUOTATIONS

New York, January 12.

New York/London Cross-rate	High	Low	Close	Change
New York Cotton—Mar.	12.45	12.40	12.45	33 off
New York Rubber—Mar.	22.50	22.35	22.35	38 up
Chicago Wheat—May	13.45	13.35	13.35	10 off
Chicago Corn—May	11.05	11.00	11.00	10 up
Silver—Official	—	—	48 1/2	48 1/2 up

Dow Jones Averages	High	Low	Jan. 9	High	Low	Close	Change
30 Industrials	185.39	183.11	183.75	183.52	181.77	183.28	51 up
20 RAIL	60.45	60.09	60.13	59.70	58.13	58.46	33 up
30 UTILITIES	36.83	36.29	36.38	36.88	36.09	36.59	21 up
40 BONDS	108.01	108.92	108.77	—	—	108.79	02 up
11 COMMODITY INDEX	81.57	80.58	80.63	—	—	80.48	16 off

Business Done:—\$3,060,000 shares.

Stocks	Jan. 9	11	Stocks	Jan. 9	11
Adams Express	17	17 1/2	Great Northern Ry.	43	43
Allis Chalmers	79	78 1/2	Great Western Sugar	41	41 1/2
Amer. Can.	120	mtd.	Holly Sugar Corp.	—	—
Amer. Car & Foundry	35	34 1/2	Humble Oil	79 1/2	79 1/2
Amer. Cyanamid	61	61	Int. Nickel	63 1/2	64
Amer. & For. Pwr.	60	60	Int. Tel. & Tel.	132	124
Amer. & For. Pwr.	60	60	Int. Dept. Stores	33 1/2	34 1/2
Amer. Locomotive	45 1/2	45 1/2	Kennecott Copper	52 1/2	52 1/2
Amer. Metals	54	57	Lambert Corp.	19 1/2	20
Amer. Radiator	26 1/2	26 1/2	Loew's Inc.	66 1/2	67
Amer. Rolling Mill	34 1/2	34 1/2	Lorillard	23 1/2	23 1/2
Amer. Smelting	98 1/2	98 1/2	McIntyre Potash	—	—
Amer. Steel & Ldg.	64 1/2	65 1/2	McKesson & Robbins	48 1/2	48 1/2
Amer. Sugar	55 1/2	56 1/2	Montgomery Ward	50 1/2	50 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	185 1/2	184 1/2	Monsanto Chemical	98 1/2	97 1/2
Amer. Tobacco "B"	97 1/2	97 1/2	Murray Corp.	18 1/2	18 1/2
Amer. Waterworks	26 1/2	27 1/2	Nat. Cash Register	30 1/2	31 1/2
Anaconda Copper	55	57 1/2	Nat. Dairy Products	24	23 1/2
Atchafalpa T. & S. Fe.	74 1/2	74 1/2	Nat. Distillers	28 1/2	28 1/2
Atlantic Refining	31 1/2	32 1/2	Nat. Power & Light	13 1/2	13 1/2
Atlas Corp.	17 1/2	17 1/2	New York Central	42 1/2	42 1/2
Baldwin Motors	31 1/2	31	Niagara Hudson P. Corp.	—	—
Baldwin Locomotive	97	98 1/2	North American	32 1/2	32 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	22	22 1/2	Northern Pacific	29 1/2	29 1/2
Barnes Oil	30 1/2	33 1/2	Pacific Gas & Elec.	37 1/2	37 1/2
Bendix Aviation	—	—	Pacific Lighting	52 1/2	52 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	77 1/2	76 1/2	Packard Motors	11 1/2	10 1/2
Boeing Airplane	36	37 1/2	Paramount	25 1/2	25 1/2
Borden Co.	27	26 1/2	Pennsylvania R.R.	41 1/2	41 1/2
Briggs Manufacturing	56	55 1/2	Phelps Dodge	—	—
Brooklyn-Manhattan Trans.	51 1/2	51 1/2	Phillips Petroleum	51 1/2	51 1/2
Brooklyn-Manhattan Trans.	51 1/2	51 1/2	Public Service of N.J.	50 1/2	50 1/2
Cum. p. l.	100 1/2	100 1/2	Pullman Inc.	70 1/2	70
Case, J.I.	151	150 1/2	Pure Oil	22	22
Canadian Pacific	15 1/2	15 1/2	Radio Corp. of Am.	11 1/2	11 1/2
Celanese Corp. of America	23	23 1/2	Repub. Steel	29	29 1/2
Cerro de Pasco	73 1/2	74 1/2	Reynolds Tobacco "B"	57 1/2	57 1/2
Certain-Tied Products	17 1/2	17 1/2	St. Joseph Lead Co.	—	—
Chesapeake Corp.	87 1/2	88 1/2	Schenley 5 1/2 pt.	94 1/2	94 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	68 1/2	67 1/2	Sears Roebuck	84 1/2	84 1/2
Chrysler Corp.	119 1/2	119	Shell Union Oil	29	28 1/2
Columbia Gas & El.	19 1/2	19 1/2	Socony-Vacuum	16 1/2	16 1/2
Columbia Gas & El.	19 1/2	19 1/2	Southern Cal Edison	30 1/2	30 1/2
Columbia Gas & El.	19 1/2	19 1/2	Southern Pacific	26 1/2	26 1/2
Columbia Gas & El.	19 1/2	19 1/2	Southern Ry 5 1/2 pt.	52	52 1/2
Commercial Credit	69	68 1/2	Stand Brands	15 1/2	15 1/2
Commercial Solvents	18 1/2	18 1/2	Stand Gas & Elec.	10 1/2	11 1/2
Commonwealth & S.	33	33 1/2	Stand Gas & Elec.	10 1/2	11 1/2
Cum. p. l.	74	74 1/2	ST pt.	59 1/2	61
Consolidated Edison	45 1/2	46 1/2	Standard Oil of N.J.	68 1/2	68 1/2
Consolidated Oil	16 1/2	16 1/2	Sterling Products	72 1/2	72 1/2
Continental Oil	45	44 1/2	Swift International	31 1/2	31 1/2
Corn. Products	69 1/2	69 1/2	Technicolor	21 1/2	21 1/2
Curtiss Wright (C)	7	7 1/2	Texas Gulf Sulphur	41 1/2	41 1/2
Curtiss Wright "A"	20 1/2	21 1/2	Tidewater Assoc.	21	21 1/2
Delaware & Hudson	46 1/2	47 1/2	Timken-Detroit Axle	24 1/2	24 1/2
Del. Lackawanna & Western	110 1/2	111	Transamerica	18 1/2	18 1/2
Distillers Corp. Sea-	—	—	20th Cent. Fox Films	35	34 1/2
grams	27 1/2	28 1/2	pt.	43 1/2	42 1/2
Douglas Aircraft	72 1/2	74 1/2	Un. Carbide & Car-	103 1/2	104
Du Pont	179 1/2	179 1/2	Un. Pacific	129	129 1/2
Electric Boat	131	131 1/2	United Aircraft	29 1/2	30 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	26	26 1/2	Un. Airline Trans-	—	—
Elec. Bond & Share	74	75	port	22 1/2	23 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	74	75	United Corp.	7 1/2	7 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	74	75	United Corp. \$3	45 1/2	45 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	Un. Gas Improvmt	15 1/2	15 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	Un. Light & power	—	—
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	"A"	9 1/2	9 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	U.S. Industrial Alco-	—	—
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	hol	37 1/2	38 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	U.S. Rubber	47 1/2	47 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	U.S. Rubber \$3 pt.	85	84 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	U.S. Steel	80 1/2	80 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	Vanadium	31 1/2	31 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	Warner Bros. Pict.	71 1/2	71 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	Westinghouse Elec.	149	148 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	Youngstown Sheet	—	—
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	& Tube	80 1/2	79
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	Chase National Bk.	49 1/2	49 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	National City Bank	43 1/2	43 1/2
Elec. Power & Light	25 1/2	25 1/2	Call Money	1 1/2	1 1/2

B.I.S. BOARD REPORT

Basle, Jan. 11.

The report in the semi-official French news agency to the effect that the German Chancellor and the French Ambassador, Mr. Francois-Poncet, exchanged mutual assurances to respect the integrity of Spain and Spanish possessions on the occasion of to-day's reception of the diplomatic Corps, is confirmed here by responsible quarters.

Political circles regard the conversation with deep satisfaction and point out that the German Chancellor's declaration represents a new impressive profession of peace which is entirely in keeping with his message to the entire Diplomatic Corps.

NEW STAMP ISSUE

London, Jan. 11.

A new series of stamps will be issued here on the occasion of the coronation of King George VI. The final plans have, however, not yet been announced and the design of the stamps and date of the issue are still unknown.

Transocean News Service.

The declaration of the French diplomat was also received here with great satisfaction, especially since it serves to indicate that the French government is not a party to the anti-German agitation campaign being carried out during the past few days in the French press.

Transocean News Service.

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

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SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu.
TAIYO MARU ... Wednesday, 19th Jan.
CHOKIHO MARU ... Wednesday, 23rd Feb.
TATSUTA MARU ... Wednesday, 10th Feb.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER.
HEIAN MARU ... (Starts from Kobe) Saturday, 23rd Jan.
HIKAWA MARU ... (Starts from Kobe) Saturday, 6th Feb.

NEW YORK via Panama.
NAKO MARU ... Wednesday, 13th Jan.
NARUTO MARU ... Tuesday, 2nd Feb.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.
BOKUYO MARU ... Wednesday, 10th Feb.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM
HAKOZAKI MARU ... Saturday, 16th Jan.
TERUKUNI MARU ... Friday, 29th Jan.
HAKUSAN MARU ... Saturday, 13th Feb.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piræna, and Marseilles
DURBAN MARU ... Saturday, 16th Jan.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila and Ports.
KITANO MARU ... Saturday, 23rd Jan.
KAMO MARU ... Saturday, 27th Feb.

MANILA
TATSUTA MARU ... Sunday, 31st Jan.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.
MAYEHASHI MARU ... Thursday, 16th Jan.
CALCUTTA MARU ... Saturday, 30th Jan.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.
TOKUSHIMA MARU ... Tuesday, 26th Jan.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
HARUNA MARU ... Friday, 15th Jan.
KAMO MARU (Naka direct) ... Friday, 23rd Jan.
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AGENTS

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Shipping News Daily Statement, Clearances, Ships in Harbour, etc.

ROYAL NAVY King's Harbour Master At Portsmouth

Captain K. H. L. Mackenzie, relieved by Captain L. H. Ashmore as Assistant to the Admiral Commanding Reserves, was appointed from December 29, last, to H.M.S. Victory, and succeeded Captain J. W. Clayton as Captain of the Dockyard, Deputy Superintendent, and King's Harbour Master at Portsmouth.

Captain Mackenzie, in addition to many years' experience as a navigating officer, has also commanded the Tarantula as Senior Officer of the West River Flotilla, China, and H.M.S. Guardian, the first of the new netlayers. He was Master of the Fleet in the Mediterranean with Admirals Field and Chatfield before his promotion in 1930. During the War he was navigator of the sloop Torch and the cruisers Royalist and Melbourne.

H.M.S. FURIOUS

H.M.S. Furious, of which Captain J. W. Clayton has assumed command, will leave Devonport on January 18, accompanied by her attendant destroyer Stronghold, and after embarking aircraft at Spithead will leave for Malta and Alexandria to join the Courageous and Glorious for the spring cruise period. The Furious will leave Malta for home on March 22, and should arrive at Spithead on March 30 and at Devonport on March 31.

RE-ENTRY AFTER INVALIDING

It is notified in a new Order in Council that the Admiralty are of opinion that the rule governing eligibility to resume a former continuous service engagement on re-entry into H.M. Naval Force after invaliding and to retain any consequential pension privileges should be modified. The Order authorizes the Admiralty, at their discretion, to allow petty officers, men, and boys re-entered after invaliding to resume their former continuous service engagements, and to retain any pension privileges which may accompany such engagements, when the period between the date of medical survey for invaliding and the date of application to re-enter does not exceed 12 months.

SUPERINTENDENT OF CHARTS

Commander Archibald Day, late in command of the surveying-ship Ormonde in the East Indies, is joining the Hydrographic Department, Admiralty, and on January 11 took up the post of Superintendent of the Chart Branch, in succession to Captain A. G. N. Wyatt, who is to command the surveying-ship Endeavour. At the Admiralty Chart Establishment at Crickwood there are produced charts both for fleet use and for sale to the public, the Mercantile Marine and fishing vessels. Last year 289,390 charts were sold and the proceeds amounted to £247,072. Commander Day, who has been connected with the surveying branch since 1920, went to sea direct from Dartmouth College at the beginning of the War, and served in the Lowestoft, Britannia, and Courageous, and from August, 1917, as sub-lieutenant of the destroyer, Welland.

NEWS FROM THE WATERFRONT

Freight And Asiatic Passengers Returns

(BY LONGSHOREMAN).

During the 24 hours ended at 9.00 a.m. yesterday, the freight returns, received from the Harbour Office, showed a moderate tonnage movement.

The total tonnage of general cargo carried by vessels to the Colony was 7,728 tons, of which 3,464 tons were carried by British steamers.

Through cargo for ports beyond the Colony amounted to 26,287 tons, of which 12,582 tons were carried by British steamers. Asiatic deck passengers entering into the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were only 6, of which three were from British steamers.

There were altogether nine arrivals, of which three were of British registry, the remainder being of other nationalities, while of the 21 departures, eleven were British ships. Particulars as follows:

Nationality	Ships	Tonnage
British	3	18,026
German	2	12,053
Japanese	2	4,191
Chinese	2	815
Total	9	33,985

VESSELS DUE

(Continued from Page 14.)

Nagers, Gilman's, January 15.
Naldara, P. & O., February 10.
Nellora, E. & A. S.S. Co., January 28.
Neumark, Jepsen's, Jan. 25.
Niel Maersk, Jepsen's, Feb. 1.
Petrobus, B. & S., February 27.
Peiping, Gilman's, Feb. 6.
Porthos, Messageries, February 7.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar's, Jan. 15.
Pres. Hoover, Dollar's, Jan. 14.
Preston, B. & S., Jan. 28.
Pyrrhus, B. & S., January 25.
Rangra, P. & O., January 22.
Rawalpindi, P. & O., February 5.
Roseville, Bank Line, January 23.
Santia, B.I. (Apar), February 16.
Sardapan, B. & S., February 2.
Shirala, B.I. (Apar), Jan. 19.
Shirahana, B.I. (Apar), January 28.
Soudan, P. & O., February 18.
Suisang, Jardine's, Jan. 14.
Tai Yin, Dowdell's, January 17.
Taima, B.I. (Apar), Jan. 14.
Tanda, E. & A. S.S. Co., February 3.
Tencor, B. & S., Jan. 29.
Tilawa, B.I. (Apar), February 2.
Tijbadak, J.C.J. Line, January 17.
Tijbadane, J.C.J. Line, January 20.
Tijsondani, J.C.J. Line, January 16.
Trianon, Thoresen's, February 9.
Tricolor, Thoresen's, January 23.
Tweedbank, Bank Line, January 31.
Tyndareus, B. & S., January 28.

CLEARANCES

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12.
Huashan Maru for Canton
Hollow for Canton
Chang On for Canton
Tikembang for Muntok
Taitihibus for Taiti
Tikn for Shanghai
Tottori Maru for Singapore
Havel for Shanghai
Potsdam for Shanghai
Diomed for Shanghai
Africa for Shanghai
Joan Moller for Swatow
Promise for Hongkong
Chenoniceaux for Saigon
Selstan for Swatow
Ronsan Maru for Samarinda.

ARRIVALS

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12
Nanning, British steamer, 1,488 tons, Capt. F. H. W. Graybrook, from Canton, buoy No. B3.—B. & S.
Total Maru, Japanese steamer, 1,997 tons, Captain Okubo, from Dairen, cargo: coal, berthing at buoy No. B25.—D. K. K.
Nako Maru, Japanese steamer, 4,271 tons, Captain S. Hirose, from Kobe, general cargo, berthing at Kowloon Wharf.—N. Y. K.
Benavon, British steamer, 3,723 tons, Capt. J. Fairweather, from Manila, general cargo, berthing at Kowloon Wharf.—W. R. Loxley & Co.
Diomed, British steamer, 6,353 tons, Captain H. D. Blamley, from Swatow via Singapore, general cargo, Holt's Wharf.—B. & S.
Potsdam, German steamer, 10,116 tons, Captain O. Prehn, from Hamburg via Manila, general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—Melchers & Co.
Africa, Danish steamer, 5,409 tons, Captain Himmelstrup, from Singapore, general cargo, lying at K'loon Wharf.—East Asiatic & Co.
Havel, German steamer, 5,842 tons, Captain H. Susewind, from Bremen via Manila, general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—Melchers & Co.
Hector, British steamer, 6,841 tons, Captain J. Dunlop, from Dairen via Shanghai, general cargo, lying at Holt's Wharf.—B. & S.
Klungchow, British steamer, 1,545 tons, Captain J. H. Hodgkiss, from Shanghai via Swatow, general cargo, buoy No. B21.—B. & S.
Sinkiang, British steamer, 1,816 tons, Captain J. B. Bruce, from Canton, buoy No. B27.—B. & S.

MONDAY, JANUARY 11.

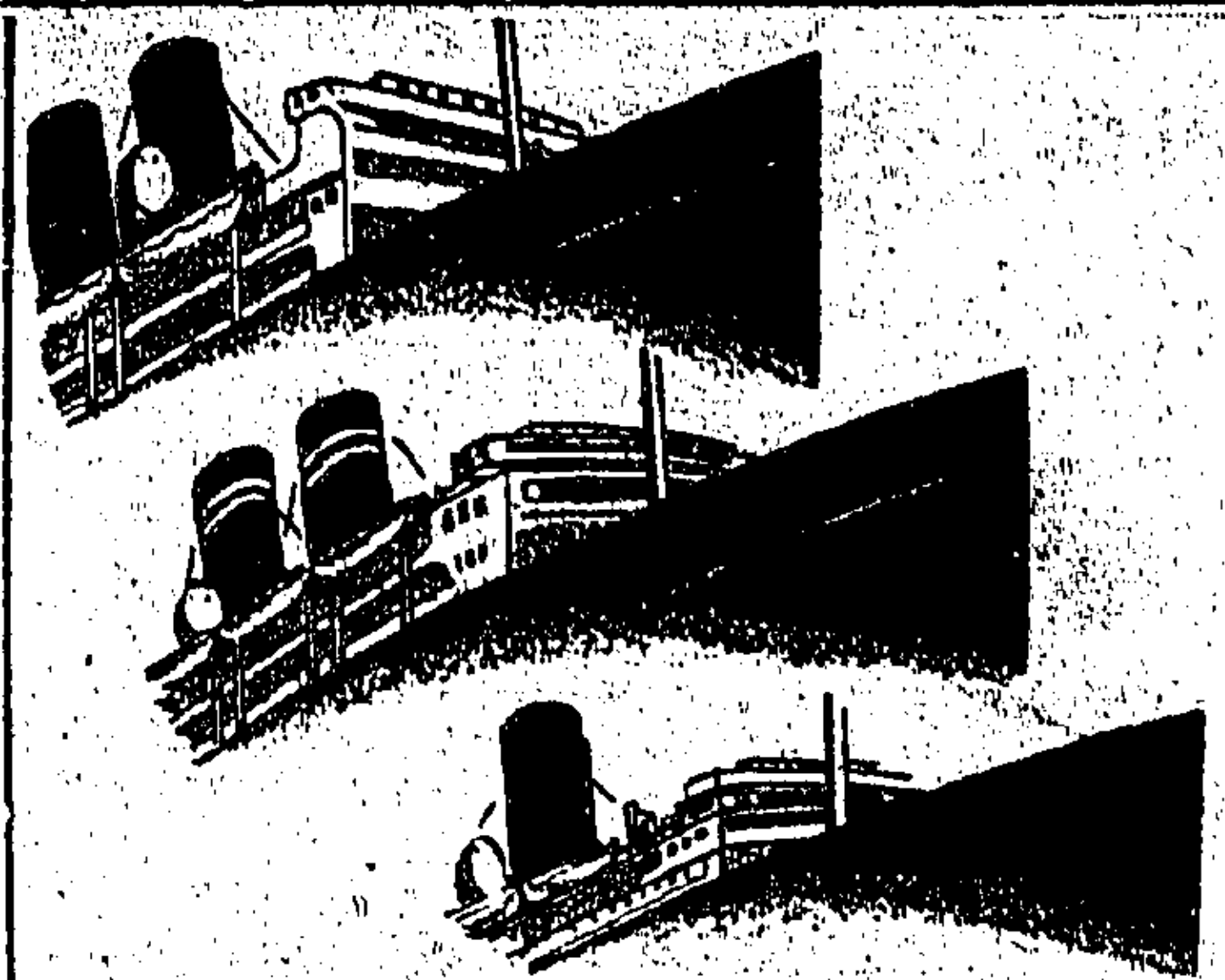
Tchekam, Chinese steamer, 808 tons, Captain Kwok Fook, from Hoihow, general cargo, mooring at Stonecutters.—Ping On & Co.
Chenonceaux, French steamer, 8,389 tons, Capt. E. Razimbeud, from Shanghai, general cargo, berthing at Kowloon Wharf.—M. M. & Co.

IN WIRELESS TOUCH

The list of ships are expected to be in wireless communication with Hong Kong Radio:—
Tricula, Fushimi Maru, Emden, Shuntien, Conte Verde, Chichibu Maru, City of Kimberley, Sagres, Anshun, Hozan Maru, Kaitangata, Tampo Maru, Shum Chih, Helen Moller, Hal Yang, and Soli.

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PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS

RANPUHA	17,000	23rd Jan.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
BANGALORE	6,000	30th Jan.	Mar. Havre, London, H'bg., R'dam, A'werp, & Hull.
RAWALPINDI	17,000	6th Feb.	Marseilles & London.
MIRZAPUR	7,000	8th Feb.	Bombay & Karachi.
COBE	14,000	20th Feb.	Marseilles & London.
SHUTAN	6,000	27th Feb.	Mar. Havre, London, H'burg, R'dam, A'werp, & Hull.
NALDERA	18,000	6th Mar.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
BEHAR	6,000	13th Mar.	Mar. Havre, London, Hamburg, R'dam, Antwerp, & Hull.
CARTHAGE	16,000	20th Mar.	Marseilles & London.
SOUDAN	7,000	27th Mar.	Mar. Havre, London, H'bg., R'dam, A'werp, & Hull.
RANCHI	17,000	3rd April	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
CATHAY	16,000	17th April	Marseilles & London.

* Cargo only. † Calla Canablan. ‡ Calla Tugler. All vessels may call at Malta.

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TALMA	10,000	16th Jan.	Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.
SHIRAHANA	8,000	30th Jan.	
SHIRALA	8,000	18th Feb.	
TILAWA	10,000	27th Feb.	
SANTIA	9,000	16th Mar.	

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EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS

NELLORE	7,000	20th Jan.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Hobart.
TANDA	7,000	5th Mar.	
WANKIN	7,000	3rd Apr.	

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

SHIRALA	8,000	21st Jan.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.
COBE	14,000	23rd Jan.	
SHUTAN	6,000	3rd Feb.	Shanghai & Japan.
BEHAR	6,000	1st Feb.	
TANDA	7,000	3rd Feb.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.
TILAWA	10,000	4th Feb.	
CARTHAGE	14,500	5th Feb.	Shanghai & Japan.
SANTIA	8,000	18th Feb.	
NALDERA	18,000	15th Feb.	Shanghai & Japan.
SOUDAN	7,000	18th Feb.	

* Cargo only.

ALL DATES are approximate and subject to alteration without notice. For further information, Passage, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to the Agents:—

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S.S. "CITY OF BIRMINGHAM" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg... 15th March

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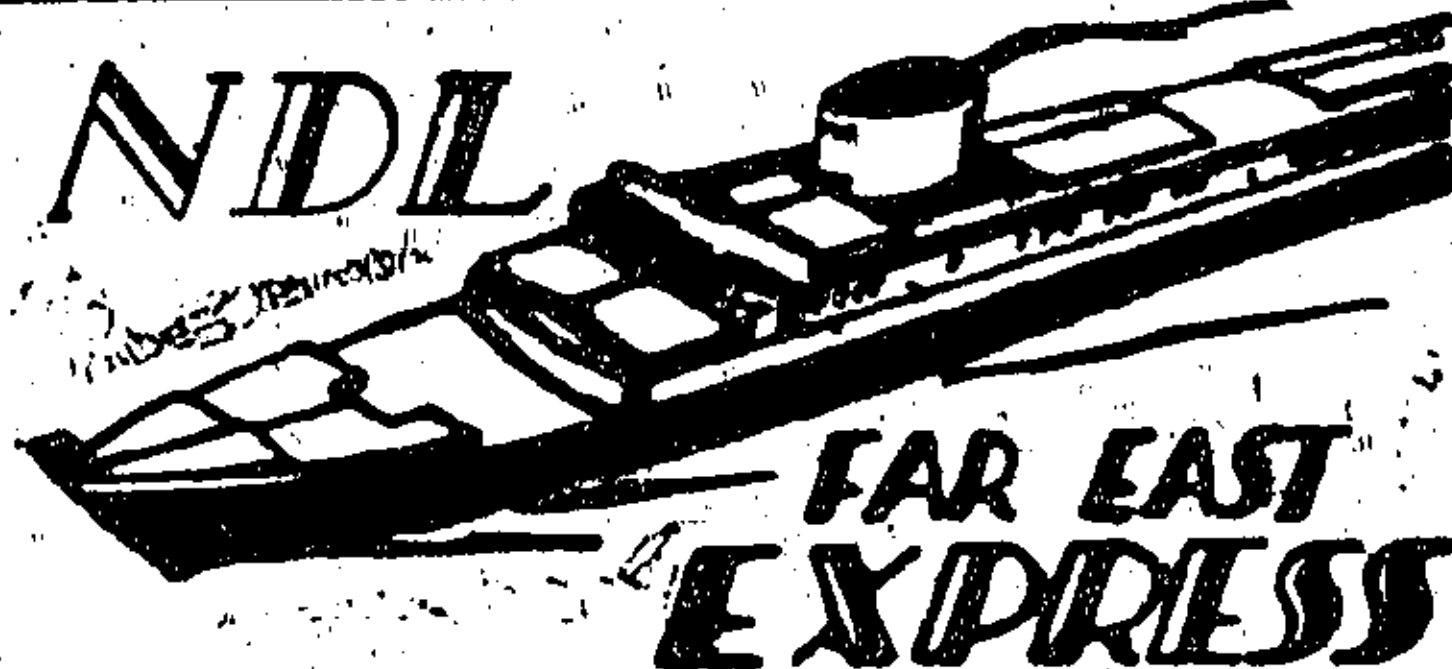
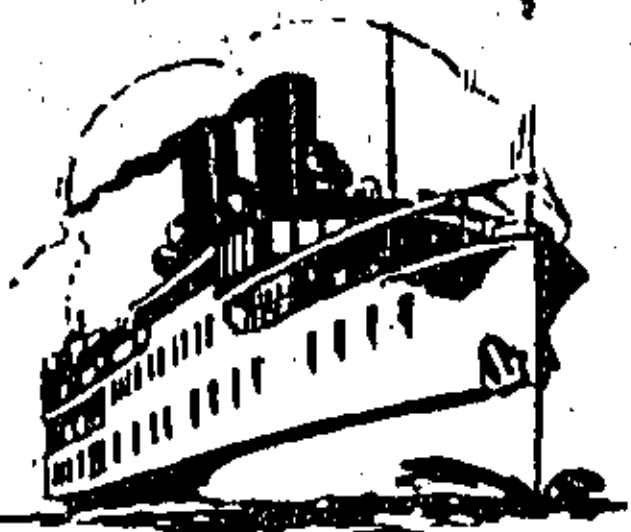
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Saturday 8.00 a.m. Sai Tai	8.00 a.m. Sai Tai
Saturday 12.00 p.m. Kishan	8.00 p.m. No Sailing
SUNDAY 12.00 a.m. Kishan	8.00 p.m. Kishan
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PASSENGER & FREIGHT SERVICE.

From Hong Kong to	Vessels	Ports	Date
Europe	Franken	Malta, Tunis, Marseilles, Genoa, Casablanca, Lisbon, Hamburg, Bremen	Jan. 15
	Potsdam	Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg	Jan. 28
Straits & Ceylon	Potsdam	Singapore, Batavia, Colombo	Jan. 28
	Franken	Singapore, Batavia, Colombo	Jan. 15
Manila	Potsdam	Manila	Jan. 28
	Franken	Manila	Jan. 15
Shanghai & Japan	Gneissau	Singapore, Yokohama, Kobe	Feb. 13
Shanghai, North China & Japan	Donau	Shanghai, Dairen, Tsingtao	Jan. 17
South Sea Islands	Bremen	Bahai, Talagi, Elia, etc.	Jan. 29
	Frederun	Madang, Salamau, Talagi, Rabaul, etc.	Feb. 13

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LIVERPOOL SERVICE
"EUMAEUS" Sails 20 JAN., for Havre, Liverpool, Bromborough and Glasgow.

NEW YORK SERVICE
"GLAUCUS" Sails 23 JAN., for Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, via Manila, Batavia, Straits & Cape of Good Hope.

PACIFIC SERVICE (via Kobe, Nagoya & Yokohama)
"TYNDAROS" Sails 9 FEB., for Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

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WORLD AFFAIRS TO-DAY

Sir Frederick Whyte's Broadcast

SPANISH SITUATION CLARIFIED

Continuing Mr. P. V. Hodson's broadcast last week on the Spanish conflict, Sir Frederick Whyte in a broadcast from London last night on "World Affairs," relayed by ZBW, said that one had to consider the attitude of the five powers. The public of Great Britain regarded the civil war as essentially concerning the Spanish people.

As to whether the war in Spain should be settled in their own way, said Sir Frederick, Great Britain with its Government as spokesman had proclaimed non-intervention and in pursuit of that policy a non-intervention committee was set up in London last autumn. The meetings of the committee had been used too much by one party or the other to throw mud. The committee were able, however, to produce a plan to control munitions going into Spain. Like all committees the procedure was necessarily slow and towards Christmas, Great Britain and France sent a note to the other Governments to find out their attitudes and requested early replies.

RUSSIAN AID

Continuing, Sir Frederick said that on the side of what one called the Spanish Government the principal intervening power had been Soviet Russia; not openly intervening but by supplying ammunition and especially aeroplanes. The Soviet Government argued that this action was not a violation of any international law as the arms were ordered by the duly constituted Government of Spain. In addition to the Soviet arms supplies there was the famous International Brigade. Was one to say that the British, American, French, Irish and other Governments had intervened in the war because there were men of their nations fighting for Madrid? The answer was no. When moral conviction and public policy conflict a difficult decision had to be made.

On the other side, the decisive act of intervention was made when Germany recognised General Franco as head of the Spanish Government. No other decision could compare in importance with this stroke of policy on the part of Hitler. It looked like a gamble for very high stakes indeed.

Referring to the statement on Saturday night by the German news agency that they had been authorised to state that no German troops were serving in Spain or in Spanish Morocco, Sir Frederick said that one had to consider the meaning of the word "troops." It was true that there was no German unit outside Spain to-day but there were Germans individually fighting in Spain.

FOREIGN REINFORCEMENTS
Sir Frederick added that 18 days had passed before replies were received to the Anglo-French note. During that time substantial reinforcements went to Spain from Germany and Italy. When these forces had been safely landed in Spain the German and Italian replies were received in London. They showed obviously propagandist argument and both Governments stated they accepted the suggestions on principle and on certain conditions.

Sir Frederick then described the British cabinet meeting last Saturday when measures were suggested to the nations. Replies had been received from most of the nations. Italy promised legislation but there was no definite word from Berlin.

The British note, said Sir Frederick, did place the responsibility on shoulders where it belonged to the nations. Replies had been received from most of the nations. Italy promised legislation but there was no definite word from Berlin.

In conclusion, Sir Frederick said that the question was whether the trouble in Spain will be allowed to spread and overshadow all Europe or be confined to Spain and burn itself out.

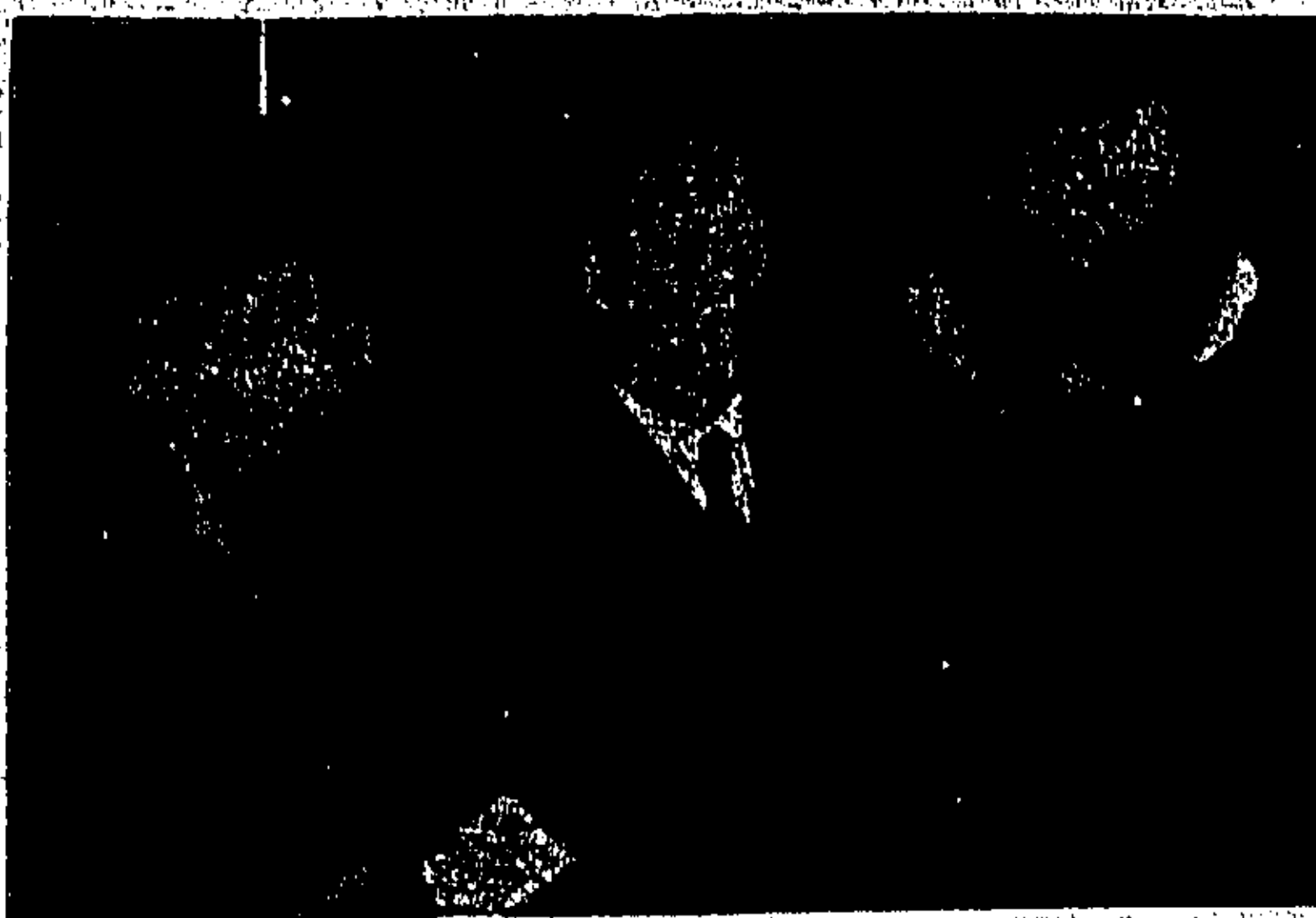
STATE COACH TO BE RENOVATED

London, Jan. 12.

The regilding and renovation of the 176-years-old state coach in which the King and Queen will drive to Westminster Abbey for their Coronation is being undertaken. The work will take some seven weeks to complete.

British Wireless.

BACK TO NANKING



Mr. Wang Ching-wei, snapped on board the N.D.L. steamer Potsdam yesterday, on his return from Europe, when representatives of the press failed to get any interesting pronouncement on his future plans.

WANG CHING WEI LATE CAPT. D. L. IS ELUSIVE CAMPBELL

(Continued from Page 1)

It is significant that no comments were forthcoming from this distinguished statesman concerning the progress of Hong Kong since he last visited the Colony.

But the interview with this leader was certainly one of the most amazing. Considering the fact that he is recognised as one of the foremost patriots of his vast nation, and that he had previously announced that his sole reason for leaving Europe before his normal recuperative period had expired was because of the dramatic (or melodramatic) coup in Sianfu, it was somewhat disconcerting to find that he elected to treat the local English-speaking, the international news-services and the Chinese press in such a casual manner.

In a word, he was "at home" to a large assemblage of representative reporters for about five minutes when, according to an interpreter, the following conversation (on the inadequate basis of "one in, all in") took place:—

Question by reporters:—"What do you think would be the attitude of China in the event of Japanese aggression reaching the stage of territorial aggrandisement?"

Mr. Wang Ching-wei (who smiled and looked well after his sojourn overseas):—"On that point I would refer you to the decision of the second plenary session of the Central Government when, to epitomise the sentiment of the resolution, it was decided that, in the event of Japanese aggression becoming increasingly manifest to explore every possible avenue in the matter of negotiation, but, in the event of negotiations proving fruitless, then China would make the sacrifice, namely, go to war."

That passed off without further comment.

The next, and only question was (by the reporters):—"What are your plans?"

Mr. Wang Ching-wei gave answer:—"My plans are undecided until I have had a conference with the leaders in Nanking."

DELEGATES FROM NANKING

Leave For North With Mr. Wang Ching-Wei

Messrs. Shao Lit-tze (ex Governor of Shensi Province), Chow Fat-hoi and Chow Kai-kong, special representatives of the Central Government, sent to welcome Mr. Wang Ching-wei, President of the Central Executive Committee, back to Nanking, arrived in the Colony on Monday afternoon.

Being special representatives of the Central Government, they were met and welcomed by important officials of the Canton Government on landing at the Kowloon Wharf. They put up at the Peninsula Hotel, and when Mr. Wang Ching-wei arrived yesterday, they accompanied him direct to Nanking by the same steamer.

In reply to newspaper correspondents, Mr. Shao Lit-tze expressed the opinion that the Sian dispute could soon be settled, and Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang would be fully pardoned by the Central Government.

Last Monday night, Messrs. Shao Lit-tze, Chow Fat-hoi, Chow Kai-kong and others were invited to a welcome dinner at the Kam Loong Restaurant by the Chairman of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce.

Chinese Evening Press.

(Continued from Page 1)

Freda, Leonora and Hobby, Mr. Mrs. R. C. Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. L. Dumla, Mr. A. M. Lencenberger, Pierre Mathias, Capt. and Mrs. J. Mahow, (Amoy), Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Paton, Mrs. A. M. G. Philipps, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Razavet, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Tilson, Mrs. Swift, Mr. and Mrs. B. K. Carpenter, Jessie and George, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Davis, Capt. A. Gowdy, Mr. P. Honeyman, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Hsieh, Mr. and Mrs. Richard E. Challiner, Capt. and Mrs. G. Finsen, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. B. Wong Tape, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Lieb, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Steele, May and Dorothy, Mr. T. M. Johnstone, Mr. and Mrs. K. Helm Petersen, Mr. and Mrs. Alf Holthe, Mr. R. L. Perry, Mr. P. E. F. Stone, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Stone, the Misses D. and N. Stone, Mr. J. R. Haddick, Mr. and Mrs. W. Nash, Mr. C. W. E. Furey, Mr. G. N. Gawler, Mr. and Mrs. W. Shaft, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Forbes, Capt. T. Malcolm, Mr. C. Wallis and Miss P. A. Nice, Officers C.P.S. Chah Sing, Capt. and Officers, C.P.S. Tekhsing.

Capt. and Officers C.P.S. Haining, Kowloon Bowling Green Club, Nursing Detachment H.K.V. D.C., Capt. and Officers C.P.S. Feltham, Gande, Price and Co., Ltd., Sailors Mess, Chung Kun, Foreign Staff, C.M.C. Kowloon, Preventive Deputy Commissioner, Capt. and Officers C.P.S. Ho-hing, Southern Commander and Staff, Officers C.P.C. Pakiao, Capt. and Officers C.P.S. Hainin, China Coast Officers' Guild, Capt. and Officers C.P.S. Likin, Messrs. Kwong Sang and Co., Capt. and Officers C.P.S. Chuen-tiao, Capt. and Officers C.P.S. Loohsing, Capt. and Officers C.P.S. Hiehshing, Chinese Staff, C.M.C. Kowloon, Commander and Wardroom Officers, C.P.S. Chuen-tiao.

VIOLINCELLO RECITAL

RARE TREAT FOR MUSIC LOVERS.

Mlle. Adele Clement

A violincello recital, by Mlle. Adele Clement, first prize winner of the Paris Conservatoire, will be held at the Helena May Institute at 9.15 o'clock to-night.

Musical lovers will remember Mlle. Clement whose concerts in this Colony about six years ago delighted all those who heard her.

The concert is being held under the auspices of the Hong Kong Musical Society, founded by the late Mr. A. M. Bowes-Smith, who are making a strong bid to introduce more musical treats in Hong Kong.

THE PROGRAMME

Assisting Mlle. Clement to-night is Mr. Lindsay A. Lafford, who will accompany the artiste on the piano.

Following is the programme:—
1.—Scherza in D minor (Cervetto). Adagio, allegro sostenuto, andante, poco più mosso, maestoso poco più mosso.

2.—Suite in C major (Bach). Prelude, Allemande, courante, sarabande, bourrée I and II, gigue.

3.—Houses of Eternity (André Boch). Song of the Hebrews (Henri Tomasi), Ode (Abe. Tchernin), Karatchi no nana (Yamada). Chansons petites russiennes (Marc Delmas).
44.—Aria (Jean Hure). Petite chanson (Jean Hure). Vite (Popper).

FOREIGN MAILS

BROADCAST RECEIVING LICENCES

Holders of licences are reminded that if it is desired to continue to retain possession of the apparatus after the date of expiration of the licence a renewal must be effected without delay.

As from 4th January, 1937, new Licences will be available at the Government Radio Office, G.P.O. Building, First Floor, on ordinary business days, and will be issued against the receipt of a remittance of \$12.00, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. except on Saturdays when licences will be issued between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m.

Applications may be made:—
(a) personally.
(b) by messenger.
(c) by post.

It is essential under (c) and preferable under (a) and (b) that applications should be accompanied by crossed cheques payable to Hongkong Government. The new licence will then be sent by post or messenger as soon as it is ready. Where actual cash is tendered a new licence should be received in exchange before leaving the Licensing Office.

In the case of renewal the old licence should be returned with the application.

The Public are reminded that the postage on Printed Papers, Commercial Papers, Samples and Small Packets must be fully prepaid. Insufficiently prepaid Printed Papers etc. are NOT forwarded.

Letters and Postcards for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

INWARD MAILS

From	Per	When
STRAITS	Canton	13th Jan.
JAPAN	Yokohama	14th Jan.
AMOI	Yokohama	14th Jan.
STRAITS and EUROPE via NEAPATAM (Letters and Papers) London, 17th December	Hakusa Maru	15th Jan.
JAPAN and SHANGHAI	Hakusa Maru	15th Jan.
JAPAN	Durban Maru	16th Jan.
U.S.A. HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (San Francisco, 24th December)	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
JAVA and MANILA	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
HAIPHONG	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
ALGERIA and STRAITS	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
AMOI	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
STRAITS and MANILA	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
STRAITS	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
ALGERIA and STRAITS	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
STRAITS	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
SAIGON	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
JAVA	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
STRAITS and EUROPE via Suez (Letters and Papers) London, 24th Dec. London, 17th Dec.	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
STRAITS and MANILA	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
AMOI	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
JAPAN	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
STRAITS	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.
JAPAN and SHANGHAI	Chickens Maru	16th Jan.

OUTWARD MAILS

REGISTERED AND PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 8 p.m. on the previous day.

For	Per	Date and Time
WEDNESDAY		Wednesday, 13th, G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 9.30 A.M. Let. 10.00 A.M.
Letters for "K.L.M. Service"—due Amsterdam, 25th Jan.	Hector	G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12th 9.45 A.M. Let. 13th 10.30 A.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 11th February and London, 17th Feb.	Hector	G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12th 9.45 A.M. Let. 13th 10.30 A.M.
Foochow via Swatow	Hector	G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12th 9.45 A.M. Let. 13th 10.30 A.M.
Bayard and Haiphong	Hector	G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12th 9.45 A.M. Let. 13th 10.30 A.M.
Shanghai	Hector	G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12th 9.45 A.M. Let. 13th 10.30 A.M.
Swatow	Hector	G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12th 9.45 A.M. Let. 13th 10.30 A.M.
Amoy	Hector	G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12th 9.45 A.M. Let. 13th 10.30 A.M.
Amoy, Australia and New Zealand via "Thursday" Island—due Thursday Island, 24th January	Hector	G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12th 9.45 A.M. Let. 13th 10.30 A.M.
THURSDAY		Thursday, 14th, G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. Noon Let. 12.30 P.M.
Air Mail for Canton and Districts.	C.N.A.C. plane	Reg. Noon Let. 12.30 P.M.
Swatow and Amoy	C.N.A.C. plane	Reg. Noon Let. 12.30 P.M.
Air Mail for Swatow, Amoy, Foochow and North China (via Shanghai).	C.N.A.C. plane	Reg. Noon Let. 12.30 P.M.
Letters for "Imperial Airways" Direct Service—due London, 25th January.	R.M.A. Dorado	Reg. 14th 5.00 P.M. Let. 14th 5.30 P.M.
Letters for "Australia by Imperial Airways Service"—due Darwin, 19th January.	R.M.A. Dorado	Reg. 14th 5.00 P.M. Let. 14th 5.30 P.M.
FRIDAY		Friday, 15th, G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
Sandakan	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
Hobow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan and EUROPE via Siberia	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
Letters for "K.L.M. Service"—due Amsterdam, 28th Jan.	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 15th February	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
Straits and Calcutta	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
STRAITS	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
Straits and Calcutta	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
Manila	Hakozaki	Reg. 4.30 P.M. Let. 5.00 P.M.
SUNDAY		Sunday, 17th, G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 8.00 P.M. Let. 8.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow via Swatow	Hakozaki	Reg. 8.00 P.M. Let. 8.30 P.M.
MONDAY		Monday, 18th, G.P.O. & R.P.O. Reg. 12.30 P.M. Let. 1.00 P.M.
Swatow and Amoy	Hakozaki	Reg. 12.30 P.M. Let. 1.00 P.M.
Japan	Hakozaki	Reg. 12.30 P.M. Let. 1.00 P.M.

* Superscribed correspondence only.

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